

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, FEB. 21, 1895.

NUMBER 26.

SELLING OUT!

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE.

The greatest opportunity to buy
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Gloves and Mittens,
Furnishing Goods,
Etc., you ever had.

Our stock will be closed out during the next 30 days if prices cut any figure.

The stock consists principally of staple medium priced goods, all of which are

NEW.

Not a lot of old chestnuts to peddle off. We expect to remain in Chelsea, and if any goods sold during this sale should not prove satisfactory they will be made so.

Some goods will go at 1-4 off, and many will go at not much over 1-2 their actual value.

The fact is if you want goods, we guarantee to give you more of them for your money than you have ever been able to get.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

HOAG & HOLMES.

We are now prepared to show you our new stock of Baby Carriages, Bedroom Suits and Parlor Goods, and at Rock-bottom prices.

Special Low Prices to close out on Lamps and Heating Stoves.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Have You Visited The CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY?

Give Us a Call and See How We Do the Work.

S. A. MAPES, Proprietor.

Send us a trial package, and you will be convinced.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

The Jurors Drawn.

The following will constitute the juries at the March term of court:

Ann Arbor Town—John Smith, John F. Fuller.

First ward—W. F. Stinson.

Second ward—Fred Wurster.

Third ward—Zenas Sweet.

Fourth ward—Geo. Hangsterfer.

Fifth ward—W. F. Ludholz.

Sixth ward—John H. Hall, L. Lampert.

Augusta—G. W. Begole.

Bridgewater—Dwight Walter.

Dexter—James McCabe.

Freedom—Herman Neelhaus.

Lima—J. G. Zahn.

Lodi—John Jedele.

Lyndon—Martin Howe.

Manchester—M. F. Schauble.

Northfield—Chas. Rane.

Pittsfield—Sidney Howard.

Salem—H. P. Thompson.

Saline—Fred Moch.

Scio—Adin Cushing.

Sharon—Alfred Smith.

Superior—John Hickman.

Sylvan—A. W. Chapman.

Webster—Byran Kenny.

York—Chas. Gooding.

Ypsilanti Town—Benjamin Kelley.

First district—Sumner Lamon.

Second district—Earl W. Colby.

Lenten Regulations.

The diocesan regulations for Lent as promulgated by Bishop Foley are as follows—Ash Wednesday falling on February 27:

All persons who have completed their twenty-first year of age are obliged to observe all the days of Lent (Sundays excepted) as fast days:

On those days, only one full meal is allowed, which is to be taken at noon.

A collation is allowed in the evening. No rule as to the quantity of food permitted at the collation can be given; but the practice of good Christians is not to exceed the fourth part of an ordinary meal.

Exempt from the obligation of fasting are: All who are not twenty-one years of age, pregnant and nursing women, the sick and all who are engaged in hard labor.

By dispensation the use of flesh meat is allowed at every meal on Sunday, and at the full meal on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, except the Saturdays in Ember and Holy weeks.

The use of eggs, milk, butter and cheese is allowed on all the days of Lent.

Fish and flesh meat are forbidden at the same meal on any of the days of Lent, even on Sundays.

By special indulgence of the 3d of August, 1887, it is allowed to take in the morning a small piece of bread, with a cup of coffee, tea, chocolate, or something similar. Also to invert the order, taking the collation in the morning and the dinner in the evening, when the principal meal cannot be taken at noon.

The use of food is allowed in the preparation of food, and when the use of meat is allowed, those who are exempt from fasting can use it several times a day as on Sundays.

In case of doubt, the pastor or confessor is to be consulted, who may judge of the reasons for exemption, or commute as the particular cases may require.

Notice.

The Special Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Chelsea Recreation Park Association will be held at the Town Hall, in Chelsea, on Saturday, the 9th day of March, 1895, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing Seven Directors for the ensuing year, and for transacting such other business as may legally come before said Annual Meeting.

JAMES TAYLOR, Sec'y.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at R. S. Armstrong and Co's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.



SOMETHING

Is going to

DROP!

The young man in the "cut" is evidently in the seventh heaven of bliss, but he will soon come down as sudden as

Glazier's Prices

ON

Patent Medicines

And all staple drugs We would a great deal rather sell a large quantity of goods at a

Small Profit

Than a few goods at a large profit, and this policy will certainly receive the approval of our patrons. We have two objects in view:

First To give our customers every inducement, in the way of bargains, to come to the Bank Drug Store.

Second When they give us a trial, to convince them by every means in our power, that it is for their interests to remain steady patrons.

34 pounds brown sugar for \$1.

All \$1 patent medicines from 58c to 75c.

A good tea dust at 8c per pound.

50 pounds sulphur for \$1.

Rich cream cheese 12½c per pound.

All 50c patent medicines from 28c to 38c.

Our 19c coffee makes a rich, strong drink.

Pure Epsom salts 2c per lb.

24 lbs granulated sugar for \$1.

8 cans best tomatoes for 25c.

A first class lantern for 29c.

2 packages any yeast cakes for 5c.

9 sticks chicory for 10c.

Pure saltpetre 7c per lb.

7 cakes good laundry soap for 25c.

Fresh seedless Sultan raisins 5c per lb.

3½ lbs fresh California Prunes for 25c.

Try our 25c fine cut.

Banner smoking tobacco 15c per lb.

25 boxes matches for 25c.

Lamp wicks 1c per yard.

Large cans peaches for sauce, 10c per can.

8 lbs broken rice for 25c.

Special molasses sale, 16c per gal.

All 25c patent medicines from 12c to 28c.

Strongest ammonia 3c per pint.

A-k our customers about our teas.

All pills and plasters 12c to 18c.

Glauber salts 2c per lb.

Good canned corn 5c per can.

Spirits camphor 35c per pint.

A good mince meat 5c per package.

A cup of best mustard for 5c.

Choicest honey in combs 15c per lb.

Tincture Arnica 30c per pint.

Our best molasses always please. Try it.

5 pounds crackers for 25c.

2½ lb can baked beans for 10c.

Highest market price for eggs.

It pays to trade with

F. P. Glazier & Co.

24 Pounds Granulated Sugar, For \$1.00.

Oil 7c per gallon.

Plain White China Ware in Stock for Decoration.

Please Call and Get Prices

GEO. BLAICH.

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

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WM. CASPARY.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session.

In the senate on the 11th Senator Hill presented a resolution defining the policy of the government concerning bimetalism, gold payments, etc. The post office appropriation bill was discussed. In the house the bill to provide for coinage at the branch mint at Denver, Col., was passed and the legislative appropriation bill was considered.

On the 12th a bill was reported to the senate from the finance committee providing for the unrestricted coinage of silver. A resolution was offered extending the time for collecting the income tax and another to inquire into the legality of the recent bond issues. In discussing the last message of the president on the currency question Mr. Stewart declared the administration had refused to carry out the laws. A joint resolution to enlarge the Red Cliff Indian reservation in Wisconsin was passed, as were also twenty-eight private pension bills. In the house bills were passed returning war flags to certain Michigan regiments; donating condemned cannon to Des Moines, Ia.; incorporating the National Association of Florists. The legislative appropriation bill was passed after striking out the provision for annual clerks to congress.

In the senate a financial bill on the lines of the president's last message was presented by Senator Vilas on the 13th, and another providing for bonds at 3 percent, payable in gold coin, and for the issue of gold certificates was offered by Senator Sherman. The house resolution was passed extending the time for making returns on the income tax from the first Monday in March to April 15 next. In the house Mr. Hudson (Kan.) offered a bill looking to an increase in the revenues of the government. Consideration of business concerning the District of Columbia occupied the remainder of the session.

The senate on the 14th voted to make no changes in the present railway mail system. The subject has been the chief point of contention of the post office appropriation bill. In response to a request Secretary Carlisle furnished figures on the treasury gold reserve and expenditures. In the house the request of the president for authority to issue gold bonds was refused by a vote of 168 to 120. On the 15th bills were reported favorably in the senate to repeal the one-tenth differential on sugar from bounty-paying countries, to establish free American ports where foreign raw material may be manufactured, and for the creation of an industrial commission of twenty-one, which is intended to arbitrate labor difficulties. The post office appropriation bill was passed. In the house the fiscal appropriation bill (\$81,807,073) was discussed. The bill for a deep waterway to connect the ocean and great lakes was favorably reported.

DOMESTIC.

The French line steamer La Gasconne, from Havre, nine days overdue, arrived in New York. Accidents to the machinery caused the delay.

A petition containing 6,000,000 names, and which had taken twelve years to complete, in opposition to the liquor and opium habit, left Chicago for Washington in care of Mrs. Carse, of the Woman's Christian Temperance union. It is the largest petition in history and will be presented to the court of every ruler in the world.

A large section of the business portion of McComb, O., was swept away by fire.

The supreme court at Jefferson City, Mo., sentenced five murderers to be hanged March 21.

J. L. DICKSON, a bank cashier at Fayetteville, Ark., discovered to be \$21,000 short, committed suicide by taking strychnine.

In an address at the Auditorium in Chicago Henry Watterson reiterated his belief that Lincoln was inspired by God.

LINCOLN'S birthday was generally celebrated throughout the country.

FRANK STORY and wife were fatally injured by the collision of an electric car with their wagon at Louisville, Ky.

The summer hotel at Brown's Mills, N. J., was totally destroyed by fire, the loss being \$150,000. The building was vacant.

A FREE silver resolution presented in the Michigan senate was laid on the table by a vote of 12 to 10.

A FEW hours before her death from consumption Jennie Brown, of Vandalia, Ill., was united in marriage to E. A. Jones, of Centralia.

THE trolley strike in Brooklyn, N. Y., was declared off, the companies having agreed to gradually take back the men.

BONDSMEN of the late State Treasurer Ramsey, of Illinois, filed a claim against his estate for \$363,539, the amount of a shortage which they made good.

JUDGE GROSSUP discharged the jury and continued the Debs case in Chicago to the first Monday in May. The sickness of a juror was the cause.

THE Lincoln avenue barns of the North Chicago Railway company, containing 110 cars, were burned, the loss being \$130,000.

ROWLAND ATER, a wealthy farmer of Woodlyn, O., was found frozen to death on the road near his home.

A COMPANY was organized to build and operate a line of canal boats between Cleveland and New York.

BILL COOK, the outlaw, was sentenced in the United States court at Fort Smith, Ark., to forty-five years in the penitentiary at Auburn, N. Y.

A RECEIVER was appointed for the Linden Steel company of Pittsburgh, Pa., whose liabilities were \$485,000 and estimated assets \$685,000.

THIRTY men were drowned by the collision of unknown schooners on the New Jersey coast.

RANDALL ADAMS was sentenced at Louisville, Ky., to the penitentiary for life for killing Marshal Russell Wiseman March 25, 1899.

JUDGE NOBLE, of Cleveland, declared unconstitutional the law requiring a license for the sale of goods made by convicts in other states.

FIFTY destitute farmers broke into a car loaded with relief supplies at Kearney, Neb., but were forced to relinquish their plunder.

JAMES and Samuel Arbogast, brothers, who lived in Pendleton county, W. Va., were frozen to death.

FLAMES in the Denig & Person block at Columbus, O., caused a loss of \$100,000.

ALFRED KELLEY, a retired real estate dealer at Columbus, O., failed for \$100,000.

By an explosion of natural gas George H. Cutler, of Meadville, Pa., was killed, and his wife, 16-year-old son, and Katie Stack, a domestic, were probably fatally burned.

THE recent storm cost Gloucester (Mass.) nineteen lives and two vessels, besides thousands of dollars' damage to vessels which were saved.

STRIKERS destroyed the office of the Buckeye glass factory at Wheeling, W. Va., with dynamite, endangering many lives.

MEASURE providing for the construction of a new federal building at Chicago was signed by President Cleveland.

FIRE in Salt Lake City destroyed buildings and merchandise to the extent of \$100,000.

THE Alabama legislature passed a bill to abandon the convict farm and return convicts to the mines.

A JOINT resolution in the Kansas legislature for a constitutional convention was defeated in the house.

DOHERTY & WADSWORTH's silk mill, one of the largest in Paterson, N. J., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$300,000.

A NEW labor organization was formed at Columbus, O., to be known as the Independent Order of the Knights of Labor. It starts out with 20,000 members.

AN old negro named Jordan and his wife perished in a fire at Galveston, Tex.

PHILIP MARTIN, a negro boy of 18 years, was hanged at Kansas City for killing Eli Stilwell, a laborer who jostled him while drunk on the street on the night of July 4, 1893.

FIVE men were seriously injured by the collision of trains in a tunnel on the Castle Shannon road near Pittsburgh, Pa.

GEORGE B. HARPOLE and Casey Gregory, of Fairfield, Ill., were asphyxiated by gas in a hotel at Springfield, Ill.

CHURCH women who began a crusade by singing and praying in Sioux City (Ia.) saloons were roughly used by the hangers on.

THE Black diamond coal mine at Beaver, Mo., was flooded with water, and the 150 miners narrowly escaped with their lives.

MRS. FRANK JONES and two children were burned to death in their house near Drennon Springs, Ky.

THOMAS K. GEORGE, of Eckerty, Ind., died of heart disease. His 6-year-old daughter died of grief, and both were buried in the same coffin.

THE heaviest snowstorms ever known in Texas, Louisiana and Alabama were reported.

A CAPITOL removal bill was killed in the South Dakota senate by a vote of 29 to 10.

BEN WARD (colored) was sentenced at Newark, O., to twenty years' imprisonment for criminal assault on a woman.

CHARLES ANDREWS, aged 12 years, was so worried over failing to pass the examinations in a Cincinnati school that he took Paris green and died.

TENNESSEE, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas were experiencing the most severe and protracted season of cold weather ever known in that part of the country.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 15th aggregated \$824,416,480, against \$979,305,040 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 5.1.

A RANCHER named August Renn shot and killed his wife and then killed himself near Terry, Mont.

THE Minnesota house has adopted a resolution looking to the removal of the state capital from St. Paul to Minneapolis.

THE navy department was advised that the warships Charleston and Yorktown were rescuing American missionaries at Che Foo.

THERE were 270 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 15th, against 281 the week previous and 323 in the corresponding time in 1894.

THOUSANDS of cattle and sheep have been frozen to death on the Montana ranges and it was feared that many human lives had also been lost.

"PRINCESS PAULINA," the smallest of women, known as the "living doll," died in New York, aged 19 years. She weighed but eight and a half pounds and was only 17 inches tall.

THE Bank of Lexington at Richmond, Va., closed its doors with liabilities of \$71,000.

THE Westchester temporary home for children near White Plains, N. Y., was burned, the 200 inmates escaping in scant attire.

A BOILER exploded in a sawmill near Towanda, Pa., killing Theodore Penell, fireman, and John Mack, a teamster.

A LOCOMOTIVE went into the river at Rhinecliff, N. Y., and Engineer J. D. Donohue and Fireman Reed were killed.

THE Waters-Pierce Oil company's warehouse, containing 500,000 gallons of oil, was burned at Dallas, Tex.

EX-MAYOR GILROY and other city officials were indicted by the grand jury in New York.

THE grand jury in Brooklyn, N. Y., returned twenty-seven indictments against strikers for rioting, throwing bricks at cars, cutting wires and for other acts of violence.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE legislatures of Minnesota and South Dakota defeated woman suffrage.

MRS. RACHEL HOLE died at her home in Damascus, O., aged 101 years.

ONE of Wisconsin's four surviving pensioners of the war of 1812 died at Janesville in the person of Mrs. Millison Presher, aged 91 years.

WILLIAM GARRETT, for forty-three years secretary of the grand lodge of Odd Fellows of Iowa, died at Burlington, aged 72 years.

GEN. JAMES BETHUNE, widely known as the owner and manager of Blind Tom, the musical prodigy, died in Washington, aged 91 years.

WILLIAM MEES, who, it was claimed, was the oldest captain on the chain of the great lakes, died at Muskegon, Mich.

MRS. EMMA TAUTISH NELSON, weighing something over 400 pounds, who for sixteen years posed as a fat woman in a museum, died at Camden, N. J.

CAPT. RICHARD TREVELLICK, one of the founders of the greenback party, and later a labor organizer, died in Detroit.

CHARLES WHEATLEIGH, one of the oldest actors in the country, for seventeen years in Augustin Daly's company, died in New York.

THE national committee of the Republican league has been called to meet in Washington March 3.

FOREIGN.

A LARGE number of students were arrested at Moscow, Russia, for participating in a movement against the police.

ISAAC P. GRAY, ex-governor of Indiana and United States minister to Mexico, died of pneumonia at the City of Mexico, aged 67 years.

ONE HUNDRED coroners' inquests were held in London in four days and in eighty of the cases the intense cold was the direct cause of death.

MEXICO'S conditions have been peacefully accepted by Guatemala and their fulfillment is guaranteed, ending the war talk.

MOORISH cavalymen were on their way to Fez with two cart loads of human heads captured in the Rahama rebellion.

AT Hamilton, Ont., Clara K. broke the world's 5-mile ice trotting record, going the distance in 12:46 1/4.

GERMANY was moving in the matter of an international congress to rehabilitate silver as a circulating medium.

A PLOT was discovered on the Island of Java whereby the natives were to massacre all the Europeans and Chinese there.

LATER.

SENATOR HILL's resolution defining the financial policy of the government caused an exciting debate in the United States senate on 16th. Senators Wolcott (Col.), Lodge (Mass.) and Teller (Col.), made a most scathing denunciation and arraignment of the administration for their recent bond contract with the Rothschilds and other foreign bankers.

Mr. Wolcott made a direct and personal criticism of the president. In the house the general debate on the naval appropriation bill ended. The senate bill was passed granting two condemned cannon to the Iowa Historical society at Des Moines. Twelve pension bills were also passed.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY, of Duluth, Minn., owner of large tracts of mining and timber lands, failed for \$600,000.

WHILE Eli Seymour and wife, of Lewiston, Mich., were at a dance their house took fire and their three children were burned to death.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND Chinese, with twelve guns, attacked Hei Cheng and were repulsed with a loss of 100 men.

JAMES FRAZIER and A. B. McQuisition, of Roxford, Pa., were killed by the explosion of a boiler at an oil well.

CYRUS BROWN, for the murder of his wife in August, 1893, was convicted at Columbus, Ind., and sent to prison for life.

THE Smith Point lighthouse at the mouth of the Potomac river was carried away by the ice.

A. B. NEWSON, a member of the Tennessee senate, resigned, assigning the extravagance of the legislature as a reason.

DR. WILLIAM G. DYAS, aged 87, for thirty years a leading practitioner of Chicago, stepped in front of an engine on leaving a suburban train and was killed.

PETER OSTLUND, the skating champion of Europe, defeated John S. Johnson in a hotly contested 1,500 meter race at Minneapolis.

A MOB broke into the jail at Kingston, Mo., and seeking the cell of George Tracy (colored), fired seventeen bullets into his body.

ROBERT NEWBURY, of Tottenham, Ont., shot his wife dead, wounded his niece and then killed himself.

MADGE YORKE, a comic opera singer, was killed by James P. Gentry, a comedian, in her room in a Philadelphia hotel.

KLINE W. CAMERON, 18 years old, fatally shot his wife, aged 17, at a St. Louis hospital and then tried to kill himself. Poverty was the cause.

With sightless eyes but sunny face
She and pined her busy throat;
What charm was there about the place?
What had she there—besides her face?
"I have my thoughts," she said.

With pallid cheek and starting eye
A wretch lay cowering on his bed;
The bars were strong, the walls were high.
What should he fear, with no one nigh?
"I have my thoughts," he said.

—William A. Caldwell, in Youth's Companion.

Charity's Emblem.
Think not that those with a harsh hand
Doth shower his gold upon expectant need
Has therefore done a worthy, noble deed,
And earned the dignity of being grand.

No charity is that which dwells apart
From sacrifice and love to fellow man;
All kindness, since the very world began,
Was fostered first within some loving heart.

—Keyes Becker, in Ram's Horn.

THE GREAT GERMAN COFFEE BERRY.
Coffee at one cent a pound, that is what it costs to grow it, good coffee, too. Some say that it is better than Rio. This we know, while in Europe last summer in search of seed novelties we often drank this in hotels in France, Holland and Germany.

Thirty-five packages earliest vegetable seeds, \$1.00, not 3 cents per package. Largest growers of farm seeds as oats, grass and clover, corn and potatoes, etc., in the world. Early heavy yielding vegetables our specialty.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 15c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed company, LaCrosse, Wis., you will get free a package of their GERMAN COFFEE BERRY seed and their catalogue. [K]

STUDENT—"Professor, which is the logical way of reaching a conclusion?" Professor—"Take a train of thought, my boy."

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

The man who is always impugning the motives of others simply advertises what he would do if he had their opportunities.

LOW RATE EXCURSIONS.

March 5th and April 2nd.
On the above dates, the Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route have arranged to sell Excursion tickets to points in Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana at the very low rate of one fare (plus \$2.00) for the round trip. Tickets good to return inside of twenty days, with privilege of stopping off en route. For further information in regard to rates, descriptive and illustrated pamphlets, land and map folders, (Mailed Free), enquire of Ticket Agents connecting lines, this Company's Agents, or H. C. TOWNSEND, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Louis.

The sales of the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis, Mo., show the following gratifying gain over the same period one year ago:

From Dec. 13, 1894, to Feb. 1, 1895, ... \$698,307.24
From Dec. 16, 1893, to Feb. 1, 1894, ... \$64,588.18

Gain..... \$633,719.06
The "new year" with this firm commenced Dec. 14, 1894.

A TENDER attachment is often followed by a train of disaster.

Icicles
Glistening in the rays of the noonday sun are beautiful exceedingly, but if one of them were thrust down your back how you would shudder. This is precisely what you do when the premonitory chill of fever and ague comes on. Then is the time to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a "knocker out" of every form of malaria; also of dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

THE ONWARD MARCH

of Consumption is stopped short by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If you haven't waited beyond reason, there's complete recovery and cure.

Although by many believed to be incurable, there is the evidence of hundreds of living witnesses to the fact that, in all its earlier stages, consumption is a curable disease. Not every case, but a large percentage of cases, and we believe, fully 98 per cent, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (including tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness.

Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who were often strongly prejudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty cod-liver oil and its filthy "emulsions" and mixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophosphites had also been faithfully tried in vain.

The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and kindred maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on receipt of address and six cents in stamps. You can then write those cured and learn their experience. Address: WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who were often strongly prejudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty cod-liver oil and its filthy "emulsions" and mixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophosphites had also been faithfully tried in vain.

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Tired, Weak, Nervous

Hood's Sarsaparilla Restores Strength and Bodily Vigor.

The cause of that tired, weak, nervous condition, in which so many people find themselves, is the failure of the blood to properly nourish the nerves and tissues. Feed the nerves upon pure blood, and they will be steady and strong. Read this:

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It Has Cured Me, and I find that it is cheaper than the doctor's bills. Hood's Pills are the best I have ever taken and I use no other. I am

glad to have an opportunity to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. C. H. VENABLE, Keithsburg, Ill. Get only Hood's.

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PUT TO TORTURE.

Inhuman Methods Said to Have Been Employed in Hawaii.

It is Alleged that Government Officials Strong an American Up by the Thumbs to Force Evidence from Him.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—The following story from Honolulu is printed in the San Francisco Call:

"The success of the government of Hawaii in conducting its treason cases was due to the incriminating evidence given by Capt. William Davies of the steamer Waimanalo. The manner in which the sworn statement was made by Davies is interesting as showing the manner in which the process of present existing in the Hawaiian Islands.

Davies and his mate, Knudson, were arrested on the morning of January 4. Knudson made a confession, telling what little he knew. Davies, who is an American citizen, refused any information, and while protesting his innocence demanded an interview with the United States minister. This was refused. Davies was then taken into the prison at Honolulu, where he was shown two ring-pulls in the wall above his head. The United States minister of the government then formed the captain to understand that if a confession was not forthcoming he would be strung up by the thumbs.

"Davies did not flinch, but said that if the American minister could not come the case should be informed that he was an American citizen and wished to see him. His protest was in vain. His legs were bound below the knees and his hands were lashed with whiplows to the bolts. A cord was placed below him, so that the unfortunate man's toes just touched the floor. Davies was stripped to the waist, while Marshal Hitchcock, Attorney General Smith and Surgeon Cooper, with a stenographer, awaited the statement which they believed would be forthcoming.

"They were mistaken. Davies would not speak. Sweat oozed from every pore. The strong man in his agony begged for water to drink the thirst that consumed him. The tendons of the victim's limbs stood out like cords of rope; blood vessels knotted on his arms and legs, swelling as if ready to burst. His tormentors vainly urged him to implicate all known to be politically opposed to their methods. Davies refused to surrender the secret he had sworn to protect. At last, when it was apparent by his respiration that it would be impossible to hold out longer, nature succumbed and Davies, cursing the fiends who were torturing him, fainted.

"Dr. Cooper used salts of ammonia to revive the captain, who had passed into the painless realms of unconsciousness. As soon as he revived two negro convicts suspended him again by the thumbs. This inhuman operation was begun at noon, and it was 6 o'clock in the evening before Davies, more dead than alive, made the statement that respected him from the inhuman barbarity of his persecutors.

"Another case of torture was brought to light in the military inquiry. A young native who was known to be intimate with Carl Wilderman was handcuffed at the wrists. Then he was placed in a tank of ice-cold water and was kept there until circulation of the blood in his extremities had almost ceased, and Dr. Cooper, who appears in the unenviable light of an arch-inquisitor, declared that action of the heart was almost suspended. The chief of police, Marshal Hitchcock, had the young Kanaka taken from the tank and, after being restored from his condition of semi-consciousness, the torture was again administered. Flesh and blood could stand such inhumanity no longer, and the much-needed confession was given."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—In official circles the telegraphic reports through private channels that American citizens are being tortured by the Dole Hawaiian military despotism to force them to give evidence against suspects are not given serious credence. There are many things connected with this latest batch of Honolulu news that stamp it as nine parts fake to one part truth, and where the fake ends and the truth begins is a perplexing question. There is official confirmation of the statements that the Dole government is resorting to unnecessarily harsh measures in this emergency, but it is not believed that the leaders of the sham republic would deliberately incite the disfavor of the American people by committing atrocities of the sort indicated.

FILLED WITH LEAD.

A Wife Murderer Shot Dead in His Cell by Lynchers.

KINGSTON, Mo., Feb. 18.—About 2 o'clock Sunday morning a mob of masked men, supposed to be negroes from Hamilton, surrounded the sheriff's house here, caught and bound Ben Goldworthy, whose deputy was away, took the keys from him and gained entrance to the jail corridor with the avowed purpose of taking out and hanging George Tracy, a negro, who shot and killed his wife at Hamilton, in this county in January. Inside the mob were unable to get into the steel cell in which Tracy was confined with two other negro prisoners. Tracy crawled under his bed, and the mob began shooting through the bars of the cell door and succeeded in putting six bullets into his body, killing him instantly. The sheriff made all the resistance he could, but was overpowered. The prisoners confined in a cell with Tracy escaped unhurt.

Tracy was a bad character and had lately served a jail sentence for shooting a negro. He had some years ago lost both legs just below the knees, being run over by a train which he was trying to board to escape some Kansas officers.

MANY SHIPS OVERDUE.

Twenty-Five Thought to Have Been Lost with Their Crews.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Much anxiety is manifested among the owners of small coast sailing vessels as to the safety of a fleet of about twenty-five ships which are supposed to have been lost in the blizzard of a week ago. The crews of the missing vessels average about ten men to each, and the total value of the cargoes is about a quarter of a million dollars. Most of the vessels are owned by New Yorkers.

DEBS WILL TELL.

Promises to Disclose Evidence to Have Been Submitted at His Trial.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 18.—Eugene V. Debs will speak at the Auditorium in Chicago on Thursday evening, February 28. He says he will tell the public at that meeting something of the evidence that would have been submitted in the trial of the conspiracy case had not Juror Coe's illness brought the trial to an untimely end. He does not believe there will be another trial. The government understands that there would be little or no chance of a conviction and the railroad companies fear the exposure of what he calls the "general managers' conspiracy."

Mr. Debs says that the defense had eighty witnesses yet to be heard, and that some of them would have given testimony that would have startled the country. The purpose would have been to prove that the general managers were the real conspirators who brought on the rioting and whose emissaries destroyed property to the end that the military might be called into service. Mr. Debs will tell what this testimony would have been. He will show that the record of the proceedings of the General Managers' association affords proof that the association violated several laws, especially the one against blacklisting. This record also shows that a conference was held with Mr. Pullman and Mr. Wickes at which the latter gentleman was told by the general managers that the Pullman company must not consent to arbitration; that the railroad companies wanted to make use of the opportunity to annihilate the American Railway union; that they wanted to reduce wages and first wanted the union out of the way, and that it was agreed that the cost of any strike on a railroad system was to be shared by all the companies in the association.

A BAD SMASHUP.

Disastrous Wreck in Oklahoma—Two Men Killed—Many Persons Hurt.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 18.—Just before midnight Saturday the Galveston express on the Santa Fe road, loaded with Texas excursionists, collided with a stock train at a curve 5 miles south of this city. Passenger Engineer Frey and his fireman saw the danger in time to jump, and escaped serious injury. The trains were running at a high rate of speed when they came together. The two engines were buried into each other one-third their lengths. A dozen freight cars piled into one great heap and the baggage, express and the mails of the passenger train completely telescoped and demolished all in an instant. Engineer Charles Uppleby, of Topeka, Kan., and fireman Cordon were killed. A dozen other trainmen were injured badly.

Many passengers were badly bruised and cut by broken glass, but none fatally injured. Justice H. W. Scott, of the supreme court, was badly bruised, as was Senator Scott and Representatives Brown, Willing and Sutton. None of the through passengers were injured. Seventy head of cattle were killed and many injured.

The loss to the railroad company will exceed \$50,000. The stock train had been ordered to stop at Seward, 3 miles south of the wreck, to pass the passenger. Why it did not will never be known, as Engineer Uppleby, who received the orders and had them in his pocket, was instantly killed.

EXONERATED.

John McBride Declared an Honest Man—His Accuser Denounced.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 18.—The miners' convention at its session Saturday morning declared ex-President John McBride to be an honest man, denounced Mark Wild, who made the charges of bribery, as a demagogue, and unfit to enter a convention of honest men, and as a climax a resolution was adopted expelling Mr. Wild from the convention.

In making the report Mr. Lewis said that the committee, while unanimously agreed that Mr. McBride had been guilty of no corrupt practices whatever, yet they were of the opinion that he had been indiscreet in handling the money given him by the coal operators and which he gave to Mark Wild.

A resolution was also adopted exonerating the national officials from the charges of alleged corruption, made against them by President A. A. Adams, of the Ohio miners, in the settlement of the miners' strike, and expressing the utmost confidence in them.

GERMANY FAVORS SILVER.

Reichstag Passes the Resolution for an International Monetary Conference.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—The reichstag has adopted the resolution submitted Friday by Count von Mirbach instructing the federal government to issue invitations for an international monetary conference to take action for the rehabilitation of silver as a circulating medium. Prior to the adoption of the resolution Count von Posadowsky-Wegner, secretary of state for the imperial treasury, on behalf of the government, declared its sympathy with the object aimed at by the resolution.

Big Crowds Hear Gen. Booth.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—Gen. Booth, commander in chief of the Salvation Army, addressed three big mass-meetings at the Mechanics' building Sunday. In the evening the hall was crowded to its utmost capacity, and it is estimated that his hearers numbered at least 25,000 people during the day.

ALL AGAINST HAYWARD.

Sensational Testimony Makes a Strong Case for the State.

The Defense Introduces a Witness Who Is of No Help to Them—Adry Creates an Affecting Scene—A Cabman's Story.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 13.—The story told by Adry Hayward Monday on the witness stand in regard to Miss Ging's murder was a revelation only as to detail, for it was merely another chapter of the story told by Claus Blixt, and in the fact that it removed the last vestige of doubt in the minds of the spectators on this trial as to Harry Hayward's guilt. Everything was fitted in with Blixt's story in the most exact manner.

Adry's description of the manner in which Harry acted when Adry had told him that he would hang if he persisted in his thought of killing the girl, was intensely dramatic. Adry got down from the stand, stepped to the attorney's table, and, stooping and clenching his fingers like claws, said:

"He came to me where I sat and clutched me around my throat and touched my hair. He said: 'Don't you say that again. If you do, I'll kill you.' His face turned dark, and I thought at the time that through his extreme anger he was out of his mind. I told him calmly enough I was clenching. That's the very word I used. I wanted him to understand that I had told some one else about it, and it was clenching."

Harry's face was fairly livid as Adry spoke, and his keeper kept the closest watch over him. As soon as possible, the court ordered Adry back into his seat, and the strain was over.

There was an affecting scene after the noon adjournment. Hardly had the crowd begun to push towards the door than Adry Hayward, fresh from the stand, pushed his way to his mother's side. Mrs. Hayward turned and the tears sprang to her eyes as she leaned forward into Adry's arms. Tenderly the son kissed his mother, who sobbed out: "Adry! Adry! How could you? How could you do it?" referring to the testimony he had just placed on record against his brother.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 15.—The state in winding up its case of murder against Harry Hayward Wednesday delivered a body blow which staggered the defense.

The first witness introduced in the morning was none other than Peter Vallalle, the hackman of whom Harry had spoken to Adry as being willing to assist in the proposed crime. Vallalle's testimony was most damaging to the defense, as it corroborated in a striking way one portion of Adry Hayward's remarkable story and thus rendered thoroughly untenable the defense's pet theory as to Adry's sanity.

Vallalle testified that Harry Hayward had approached him with a question as to whether he had ever "done anything," and if so whether his conscience had ever bothered him. Hayward had later asked Vallalle whether he would drive a hack into Lake Calhoun and let the occupant drown for a sum of money.

"I told him I was no swimmer," said Vallalle, "and that was about the end of it."

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 18.—In the Hayward case the state was startled and the defense given a disagreeable surprise just before adjournment Friday afternoon. It was known that M. D. Wilson, a liveryman, could give some important testimony concerning the case, and as the state did not call him, the defense concluded to find out what he knew. He was the most dangerous witness called by either side. He said but little, but the burden of the testimony was that he met the carriage in which Miss Ging was riding near the spot where Blixt claims to have met the woman and Hayward on Kenwood boulevard. He also testified that there was a man with her, and in response to further testimony he declared that the man was Hayward and that he had picked him out the next morning. This was, indeed, an astonishing for the defense, for it has claimed that Hayward knew nothing about Miss Ging's movements that night and had not seen her. According to this testimony Hayward and Miss Ging were at the trying place, where Blixt was met about 7:30 in the evening.

The Poor Armenians.

VIENNA, Feb. 13.—According to advices received from Armenian sources at Constantinople, outrages by the Turks, in addition to those reported some time ago, have been committed in Armenia. These advices say that besides the massacre in the Sassoun district, outrages of a similar character occurred about the same time in the province of Harzen. Over forty villages in the provinces are said to have been burned and entirely destroyed, and all the flocks of the people stolen or dispersed. The people who composed the residents of the villages have made no effort to rebuild them, but have gone to other portions of the province.

A Monster Petition.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—Chicago has sent the champion petition of all history to Grover Cleveland. This record-breaking document is the mammoth polyglot petition of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance union. It contains 6 miles of signatures. It asks the rulers of all nations to suppress the liquor and opium traffic.

THE GENTLE SEX.

A Congress of Women Meets to Discuss Various Topics.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—To-day the largest organization of representative women in the new world will begin its triennial session at the capital of the nation. The meeting will last two weeks, during which time all the great questions in which women are interested or involved will be discussed by the brainiest and most brilliant members of the sex. The organization is the National Council of Women of the United States, of which the members are selected with the greatest care and with respect to their ability, status and learning. Practically the national council is a federation of eighteen vast organizations, nearly all of which enjoy world-wide name and fame. These organizations are as follows:

The National American Woman's Suffrage association, which has just held a very successful convention in Atlanta, Ga.; the Woman's Centenary association of the Universalist church, the National Woman's Christian Temperance union, better known by its initials W. C. T. U.; the National Free Baptist Woman's Missionary society, the Illinois Industrial school for girls national charter, the National Woman's Relief society, Womodaughters, Sorosis, the Young Ladies' National Woman's Improvement association, the National Christian League for the Promotion of School Purity, the Universal Peace union, the International Kindergarten union, the Woman's Republican Association of the United States, the National Association of the Loyal Women of American Liberty, the Women's Foreign Missionary Union of Friends, the Woman's Relief Corps, auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic; the National Association of Women Stenographers, the National Council of Jewish Women.

The officers of the national council are: May Wright Sewall, president; Francis E. Bagley, vice president; Lillian M. N. Stevens, treasurer; Rachel Foster Avery, corresponding secretary, and Isabella Charles Davis, recording secretary. The object of the organization is extremely comprehensive and includes the discussion of almost every subject which bears upon daily life. In this meeting it will discuss the following among many other topics:

The practical aspects of religion, its relations to daily life, and to the nonchurch-going element of the community; the relation of religion to politics and public office; the attitude of different denominations toward women and the attitude which women should assume toward denominations; woman's place in the pulpit and the mission field; social purity, how best to promote it; the double and the single standard of morality; checks against improper literature; true dress reform; equal pay for equal work by men and women; divorce reform and improvements in the laws respecting wives and mothers; patriotism and its cultivation; peace and the discouragement of the militant tendency; the extension of object lessons and the kindergarten system; reforms in educational methods; foreign missions and their effect in civilizing, independent of Christianizing; industrial pursuits for women and industrial education for girls; first aid to the injured; the best courses of study for married women at home, for post graduates, for working women; the extension of the fields of industry for women; the acceleration and cheapening of the administration of justice so as to give the poor woman an equal chance against a rich man.

A TRAGIC AFFAIR.

An Actress Killed by a Jealous Lover in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Madge Yorke, aged 23 years, a member of Charles E. Blaney's "Baggage Check" company, was shot and almost instantly killed in a room at Seiss' hotel Sunday evening by James B. Gentry, an actor. After doing the shooting Gentry escaped and has not yet been arrested. Gentry is said to have been engaged to be married to Miss Yorke, and it is supposed jealousy was the motive for the crime.

About 9:15 Sunday evening Gentry called at Seiss' hotel and inquired for Miss Yorke. He was told that she was in and was asked to send his name to her room. He declined to do this and said that if they would tell him where the room was he would go to it himself. This he did, and when he was told to enter, in response to his knock, he found Miss Yorke and another actress of the company, Miss Lida Clark, in the room together. Miss Yorke was fully dressed, as if to go out, and she presented Gentry to Miss Clark. He took no heed of the introduction, and turning to Miss Yorke said: "Why didn't you meet me?" and then, without another word, he began to fire at her with a revolver. Just how often he shot at her is not known, but three bullets went through her head and one through her arm. Miss Clark screamed with fright and Gentry rushed from the room and either made his escape by the stairs, or went down a fire-escape leading from a window in the hall-way, but he was not seen to leave the house. An ambulance was hastily summoned and Miss Yorke was taken to the hospital, but she died shortly after being admitted there. The girl lived with her parents at 159 West Seventy-ninth street, New York city.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Dr. Dyas, a Famous Practitioner, Killed in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Dr. William Godfrey Dyas was picked up at Sixty-ninth street and the Lake Shore tracks Sunday evening in a dying condition and died after being taken to his residence. When found his skull was fractured and his left hand cut off. It is thought the doctor was struck by a train. The deceased had a wide reputation for his learning, and was one of the foremost practitioners in the west. He had been a resident of Chicago for forty years, and was 87 years old.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 12.—One of the most important bills thus far introduced in the legislature was presented Monday. It is the production of the state municipal commission, which has been at work for the last six months, and provides for a charter for third-class cities or those having a population of not less than 10,000 nor more than 50,000. If it becomes a law fifteen cities with an aggregate population of 200,000 will be incorporated under it. The elective officers provided for are the mayor, clerk, treasurer, one assessor, two justices of the peace and one police justice, in addition to two aldermen and one constable. All the city boards are to be composed of five members and are to be strictly nonpartisan.

Bills were introduced in the legislature Monday as follows: For a state board of plumbers, to examine and license plumbers; for compulsory instruction in vocal music in the schools in incorporated cities and teachers' institutes; reincorporating the city of New Haven, and for the incorporation of Traverse City. Among the important bills noticed were: For the abolishment of the office of state dairy and food commissioner; providing one brakeman for every two cars on passenger trains; repealing the law under which parties receiving injuries from defective sidewalks may bring suits against municipalities for damages; abolishing the present system of canvassing votes by substituting a county board consisting of the prosecuting attorney, county clerk, judge of probate and the chairman of each county committee of any party polling 15 percent of the total vote at the last preceding state election.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 13.—In the senate Tuesday a resolution was introduced and tabled by a vote of 12 to 10 urging members of congress to use their best effort to restore silver to its proper position in the United States as a money metal. Bills were introduced for the establishment of a permanent state weather service, and providing a graduated tax upon inheritances, the proceeds to be for the benefit of the primary school fund. Bills were passed appropriating \$20,000 to mark the position of Michigan troops at the battles of Chancellorsville and Chickamauga; providing for vestibules for the protection of motormen on electric street railways after January 1, 1896; providing a jury commission for the upper peninsula, and authorizing judges of probate to determine when insane persons have been restored to soundness of mind.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 14.—In the senate Wednesday the free silver resolution which was tabled on Tuesday was made the special order for Tuesday, February 19. A joint resolution was noticed submitting to the people the question of woman suffrage. The general bill for the incorporation of villages was passed. Bills were introduced to subject Lloyd's insurance companies to the same regulations as govern other insurance companies in Michigan; to compel fraternal beneficiary associations to deposit a guaranty fund with the state treasurer; prohibiting the marriage of first cousins; for a system of free text books; and disorganizing the county of Manitou (known as Manitou Islands) and attaching the territory to Charlevoix and Leelanaw counties.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 15.—In the senate Thursday bills were introduced appropriating \$10,000 for the erection of a statue to the late Gov. Austin Blair upon the state capitol grounds; abolishing days of grace on commercial paper; providing a station house for women in cities of 10,000 inhabitants or upward, to be in charge of a police matron; for a reformatory prison for women; abolishing the office of commissioner of mineral statistics; for the use of the Abbott voting machine at all elections in the state.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 16.—In the senate a bill was introduced to prevent publishers from collecting pay for a publication taken from the post office after the time for which the subscription was given has expired. Bills were introduced for the introduction of voting machines; for the divorce of persons becoming insane and for their restoration to marital rights on recovering soundness of mind, providing the other party remains unmarried. February 20 is the last day for introduction of bills, and this order will occupy both houses principally until after that date.

House.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 13.—In the house bills were introduced fixing the rental for telephones in cities of not more than 50,000 population at \$1.50 per month, and at \$2 when in excess of that number; repealing the law authorizing the commencement of suits against cities for injuries received by reason of defective sidewalks; to abolish the office of food and dairy commissioner; giving women the right to vote; requiring express companies to pay license fees to towns in which they have offices; exempting old soldiers from jury duty; requiring the placing of a United States flag on every school-room; discharging indebtedness of \$100,000 held by the state against the State Agricultural society, and prohibiting conspiracy by employees to prevent employment of other persons.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 14.—The house on Wednesday agreed to submit a constitutional amendment to the people at the spring election increasing the salary of state officers as follows: Attorney general, from \$800 to \$3,500; secretary of state, from \$800 to \$2,500; state treasurer, from \$1,000 to \$2,500; commissioner of the land office, from \$800 to \$2,500; superintendent of public instruction, from \$1,000 to \$2,500. An effort was made to amend so as to require all state officers to live in Lansing after January 1, 1897, but it was futile. The house passed a bill fixing the salary of upper peninsula legislators at five dollars a day.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 15.—The house on Thursday, by a vote of 84 to 38, refused to submit to the people a constitutional amendment increasing the salaries of state officers, it requiring a two-thirds vote of all the members elect. The vote was reconsidered, however, and the measure tabled. The most important bills introduced were for prohibiting the co-insurance clauses and all other "riders" on fire insurance policies; making the liquor tax in cities and villages of from 5,000 to 10,000 inhabitants \$500, and \$1,000 in cities having a population in excess of that number; fixing a 5-mile limit about the university in which intoxicating liquors may not be sold; providing for the teaching in public schools of modes of spreading dangerous communicable diseases and the best methods of restricting and preventing them.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 16.—The most important action by the house Friday was the passage of a bill for registration in the entire state previous to the spring election. Under the law just passed to conform to the constitutional amendment adopted last fall, every foreign-born citizen must take oath that he is a full citizen of the United States before he can register, if challenged. A bill was introduced abolishing contract labor in prisons and providing that the convicts be worked on state account. The committee on municipal corporations made a unanimous report recommending the passage of the anti-Pingree Detroit health board bill, which passed the senate.

Woman Countess Feiter Arrested.

CADILLAC, Mich., Feb. 16.—Anna Mack was arrested here with a good supply of spurious silver dollars. She had, during the day, visited several stores and passed off on unsuspecting traders several of her coins.

WE
Are prepared and anxious to
34 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
24 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00.
Choice tea dust 8 cents per pound.
Good canned corn 5 cents per can.
Good N. O. Molasses 16 cents per gallon.
All patent medicines from one-fourth to one-third off regular prices.
Sultana seedless raisins 5 cents per pound.

Meet all Prices
Which may be quoted in these columns
3 cans best tomatoes for 25 cents.
Do you smell fumes of burning sulphur? 50 lbs for \$1.00.
7 bars laundry soap for 25 cents.
25 boxes matches for 25 cents.

And Go Them One Better
When there is a chance.

8 pounds rolled oats for 25c.
Electric kerosine oil 7 cents per gallon.
4 pounds California prunes for 25c.

Armstrong & Co.

For **SAFETY** and to **DRAW INTEREST**,

Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.
Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.
W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

J. J. RAFTREY,

The Leading Merchant Tailor, has entered
upon his 12th year in this line
in Chelsea.

And being in touch with the new tariff, offers you some astonishing
bargains in Imported Woolens, which he has just received from the
Bonded Warehouse, also in Domestic Woolens.

Suits to your order from \$15.00 up. Former price \$20.00 to \$22.00.
Pants to your order from \$2.50 up. Former price \$5.00 to \$6.50.
Overcoats to your order from \$10.00 up. Former price \$18.00 to \$20.

Goods Made While you Wait.

Goods of all weaves, textures, styles and colors always in stock, from
one yard to one hundred yards, to select from, and at prices that will move
them, as he is bound to keep his force at work during the dull months.

We carry in stock a nice line of Mackintoshes, all lengths and sizes,
cheap. Agent for the French Dye Works. Estimates given on work of
this kind. Respectfully yours,

J. J. RAFTREY.

Central Meat Market!
ADAM EPPLER, PROP.,

Is the place to buy
Fresh Meats, Smoked Meats, Salt Meats,
Poultry and Oysters.

Our aim is to please patrons, and a most liberal patronage leads us
believe that we are succeeding. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's
Auctioneer.

Headquarters

at

HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnish-
ed Free.

Subscribe now

for the

Chelsea Herald.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Who will be our next president?

Lent begins Wednesday, Feb. 27.

Several auction sales are announced in
this issue.

H. H. Fenn, was a Grass Lake visitor
last Wednesday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Turnbull,
Feb. 15, 1895, a son.

A. J. Sawyer, of Ann Arbor, was a
Chelsea visitor last Monday.

Miss May Lammers of Grass Lake, will
reside with her sister, Mrs. S. Webber.

It now looks as if Chelsea would have a
canning factory. Just what we want.

The Democratic state convention is call-
ed for Thursday, Feb. 28th, at Saginaw.

To rent—a farm of 80 acres, 2 1/2 miles
from town. For particulars inquire at
this office.

W. F. Riemenschneider and Co. are
closing out their stock of goods. See ad
on first page.

Remember the Lady Washington Tea
Party at the Town Hall, Friday evening.
Don't fail to attend.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular
meeting this week Friday evening, Feb.
22, at seven o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Dunbar and Miss Nora
Taylor, of Parma, are the guests of Mr.
and Mrs. Chas. E. Stimson.

John Cook planted about 5,000 Brook
Trout in the large spring on Jas. Runci-
man's farm one day last week.

Miss Anna Beissel, teacher of District
No. 3 Lima, entertained her pupils at her
home on North Main St., last Thursday
evening.

A plan whereby Mackinac Island is to
be turned over to the state of Michigan to
be used for encampment purposes and a
state park is now on foot.

Died, Monday Feb. 18, 1895, Charlie,
youngest son of Jas. Taylor, aged about
12 years. The funeral was held Wednes-
day afternoon from the house.

If you don't want the grip keep your feet
dry. If you have the grip don't neglect
it. Some people seem to think that the
grip is a joke—but these people have never
had it.

Died, at the home of his parents on
Railroad street, Feb. 15, 1895, Elmer
Allyn, aged about 12 years. The funeral
was held from the Baptist Church Monday
afternoon.

The ladies of St. Paul's church have
had the interior of their parsonage papered,
painted and repaired ready for their new
pastor, Rev. G. Eisen, who is expected
here with his family in about two weeks.

At the Prohibition convention held in
Ann Arbor last week, Joseph B. Steer, of
Ann Arbor was nominated as county
commissioner of schools. The following
persons from this vicinity were appointed
as delegates to the Senatorial convention
yet to be called: D. B. Taylor, J. Lemm,
Truman Baldwin, Romaine Chase, and
Wm. Walker.

Here is the brand of weather promised
for the remainder of this month: Storms
of a dangerous character will sweep the
continent from about the 22d to the 24.
A great cold wave will follow from the
northwest—one that may prove a terror
to man and beast. The month goes out
growing warmer, with reactionary storm
conditions increasing.

The annual convention of the Wash-
tenaw County Sunday School Association
will be held in the Congregational church,
in Chelsea, Monday evening, March 11.
Reports of schools should be sent soon to
Rev. H. H. Morey, Ypsilanti. Contribu-
tions should be sent to Mrs. Beman,
treasurer, in Ann Arbor. Two delegates
should be chosen from each Sunday
school.

The firm of W. P. Schenk and Co.,
has been organized into a stock company,
with a paid up capital stock of \$30,000.00.
The officers of the new concern are as
follows: Directors, W. P. Schenk, John
Schenk, W. F. Riemenschneider, A. E.
Fletcher, John H. Cutting. President,
W. P. Schenk; Vice-President, W. F.
Riemenschneider, Secretary, John Schenk;
Treasurer, W. P. Schenk.

The republicans of Washtenaw county
will step into the fray on the first of April
next with entire confidence of victory,
says the Daily Courier. They have
placed upon their ticket one of the finest
young men any party can present for the
suffrages of the people of this county for
commissioner of schools. He is a young
man who has earned his own way in the
world, and has educated himself entirely
by his own efforts. He will make a
commissioner that will rank with any
in the state, and who will impart a spirit
of push and energy to our schools that
will bring them up to a still higher stand-
ard of efficiency. It is of such material as
he that successful men in all walks of life
are made.

Electric Light.

Appropos of the question now being agi-
tated relative to village owning and run-
ning a municipal lighting plant, the follow-
ing council proceedings taken from the
last issue of Clinton Local are quite pat.
Council proceedings are given verbatim.
All items applying to electric light ex-
penses are by us marked with a star.
Items show that amount paid for labor fuel
and incidental expenses on account of
their municipal plant amount to \$739.63 in
three months or about \$245.00 per month.
This of course is exclusive of interest on
investment and wear and tear on machine-
ry. It Explains where most of the village
tax of 450 per thousand is expended. Do
we want the same kind of a white elephant
on our hands? It will also be noticed
that during this entire three months their
village marshal was paid the munificent
salary of \$16.40 and almost if not fully
\$18.00 expended on streets including
salary of street commissioner. The follow-
ing are the proceedings.

Dec. 4 1894

Adjourned meeting of council. Full
board present except the president.
President pro tem in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and
approved.

The following bills were presented:

*Spitzer & Co., Bond No. 1	\$1 204 80
and interest.....	13 00
J. F. Martiny, rent.....	9 40
*A. McDermott, draying....	5 78
*Ft. Wayne Electric Co.,	
repairing	11 00
*Missouri Electric Co., trans-	
former	52 99
*Jones Bros. Electric Co.,	
supplies.....	27 66
*Hocking Fuel Co. coal.....	
John E. White, health offi-	
cer,	20 00
Brown & Kishpaugh, nails...	50
H. Starret, Street Com.....	2 90
Robert Redick, labor and	
material	3 60
*J. B. McAdam, salary, ex-	
press, etc	66 90
A. G. Burton, blacksmithing.	2 45
A. W. Muir, marshal,	3 55
*L. S. & M. S. R. R. freight,	81 18
On motion all bills allowed and orders	
drawn for payment	
On motion meeting adjourned.	
J. B. McAdam, Clerk.	

Jan. 14, 1895.

Regular meeting of council. Full board
present. Minutes of last meeting read and
approved.

The following bills were presented:

H. Starrett, Street Com.....	\$ 3 39
Cha. Starrett, work on sts...	95
A. B. VanDeMark & Co., tile,	3 10
A. W. Muir, marshal.....	4 50
*L. S. & M. S. R. R. freight,	122 90
E. J. Semark, cleaning walk,	3 00
John Rogers, wood.....	2 00
*J. B. McAdam, labor	63 95
*Jones Bros., supplies.....	19 25
*Economy Supply Co., waste,	9 45
*Missouri Electric Co., trans-	
former	22 10
*Hocking Fuel Co., coal....	37 44
*Warren Electric Co., lamp,	6 25
*Scotfield, Schumer & Co. oil	2 05
*Ft. Wayne Electric Co.,	
repairs	3 00
*A. McDermott, draying....	16 41
*J. L. Kishpaugh, coal.....	16 35
On motion all bills were allowed and	
orders drawn for payment.	
Moved and supported that the president	
appoint a committee of three to make a	
new schedule of prices for electric light-	
ing. Carried.	

President appointed C. F. Clark, M. F.
McClure and J. M. Estabrook.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. B. McAdam, Clerk.

Feb. 4, 1895.

Regular meeting of council. Present—
C. F. Clark, J. T. Clark, Lancaster, Mc-
Clure and Estabrook.

President pro tem in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and
approved.

The following bills were presented:

*L. S. & M. S. R. R. Freight	\$37 74
*J. B. McAdam, labor, etc...	67 00
A. W. Muir, marshal.....	8 30
H. Starrett, street commis-	
ioner	1 41
F. Tag, lumber.....	2 50
John McElroy, wood.....	2 50
*Joh T. Clark, foot valve....	1 75
*A. McDermott, draying....	8 60
*Washington Carbon Co.,	
carbon	10 00
*Jones Bros. Electric Co.,	
carbon	12 50
*Hocking Fuel Co., coal.....	12 00
On motion all bills allowed and orders	
draw for payment.	
Moved and supported the marshal be	
authorized to purchase some kind of bed	
covering for beds in the lock up cells.	
Carried.	
On motion meeting adjourned to Mon-	
day, Feb. 11, 1895.	
J. B. McAdam, Clerk.	

CHELSEA ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

-WE-
ARE THE PEOPLE
To Sell You
Groceries
And
Meats.

We give you nothing
for your money

Except your money's worth. Are
you not satisfied to be sure of that?
We give full weight, full measure
and full value for your money every
time.

R. A. SNYDER.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN
DENTIST,

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PALMER & TWITCHELL.

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and
2 to 5. 17



Operative, Prosthetic
and Ceramic Dent-
istry in all their
branches. Teeth ex-
amined and advice
given free. Special
attention given to
children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and Local
Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently
located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bros Bank.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST.
NO SQUEAKING.
And other specialties for
Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys
and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertise-
ment which appears in this
paper.
Take no Substitute.
Insist on having W. L.
DOUGLAS' SHOES.
with name and price
stamped on bottom. Sold by

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

The Parlor Barber Shop,
Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to busi-
ness is my motto. With this in view, I
hope to secure, at least, part of your
patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

\$40.00 PER WEEK
FOR
WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country,
at the employment which we furnish. You need
not be away from home over night. You can give
your whole time to the work, or only your spare mo-
ments. As capital is not required you run no risk.
We supply you with all that is needed. It will
cost you nothing to try the business. Any one
can do the work. Beginners make money from
the start. Failure is unknown with our workers.
Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar.
No one who is willing to work fails to make more
money every day than can be made in three days
at any ordinary employment. Send for free book
containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

Subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.00.

Through Stock Taking!

New Goods in all Departments!

New Dress Goods at prices never before known in this country. We offer:

All Wool Serges at35 cents, were 50 cents
All Wool Serges at39 cents, were 59 cents
All Wool Serges at59 cents, were 75 cents

The same in Henriettas. We invite all our customers and friends to inspect.

In Poreale Shirts we have the "PURITANS" which are the best made. Our price 12 1/2 cents.

New Prints New Gingham,
New Everything.

Come and see.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates. Delineators. Metropolitan plate, etc.

QUALITY

Is the Standard of Value for which we compete.

A call will convince you that this is correct in every respect.

GEO. WEBSTER.



We will continue to
SELL

FURNITURE

at the
LOWEST PRICES

Ever heard of on first-class goods.

Special prices this month on Extension tables, Dining Chairs, Beds, Mattress and Springs.

W. J. KNAPP.

FEATHERBONE CORSETS AND WAISTS.

Correct Shapes.
Best Materials.
Latest Styles.
Most Comfortable.

Recommended by
Ladies
who wear them.



TRADE-MARK REGISTERED.

Dress-Makers say: "They are the best fitting corset on the market." Merchants cheerfully refund the money after 4 week's trial if not satisfactory. Call for them at the stores.

FEATHERBONE CORSET CO.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

FOR SALE BY

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing and Carpets.

CHELSEA,

MICHIGAN.



The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

\$50,000,000.00 at least is spent for living expenses every year by subscribers of The Detroit EVENING NEWS. The shrewd advertiser knows this, and by using the advertising columns of The News secures his share of this enormous sum. 60,000 subscribers probably means 200,000 readers, and instead of the sum above, we should have said \$200,000,000.00.

Advertise in The Evening News if you want Results.

Read The Evening News if you want News.

THE EVENING NEWS,

DETROIT.

2 CENTS PER COPY.
10 CENTS A WEEK.
\$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL.

Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

"Who Ditt?"

Many have heard of the Hebrew couple who were taking their wedding trip on a sothern road. The tunnels near Chattanooga were thick, but not very lengthy, as a rule. As the train emerged from one, the passengers were amused by the following conversation: Rebecca, Rebecca, if I had known that tunnel was so long I would have kissed you.

"You dit."

"I didn't."

"Who dit?"

There are many business men in every city who have been often approached by representatives of their local newspapers and have been urged again and again to reach out for custom through the advertising columns of the press. They have said they "didn't need to," "too expensive," "could get along without it," "couldn't see results," etc., etc.

Are you one of those "who dit?"

Knowing now that the tunnel was so long, if you had it to do over again, would you have missed kissing Rebecca? Would you have missed a taste of those luscious lips that Rebecca (business success) held waiting there for you to kiss?

Other dealers, who knew the length of the tunnel, are now reaping the reward for advertising done years ago. Why do these dealers increase, rather than decrease, their space?

Rebecca is still waiting to be kissed. The tunnel is your local paper—THE CHLSEA HERALD. Be one of those "who dit."

Auction.

The undersigned, having decided to quit farming, will sell at Public Auction on the old Spencer farm, 3 1/2 miles south and 1/4 mile west of Chelsea, on Tuesday, March 5, 1895, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property:

8 horses, as follows: One pair colts, coming 4 and 5 years old, well broke, weighing 2800; one bay mare, coming 6 years old, weighing 1350; one gray mare, coming 9 years; one mare, coming 11 years old, with foal; one 2-year-old colt, and one pair of older horses. Three good milk cows. Forty-five sheep. Twenty-four Plymouth Rock hens, two wagons, one platform buggy, one road cart, one cutter, one Lansing fanning mill, one pair platform scales, one cutting box, one deer ing binder 6 ft cut; one deer ing mower; one superior grain drill, one hay tedder nearly new, one horse rake, one hand roller, two hay rakes, one sulky plow, one Birch plow, one spring tooth harrow, one 40-tooth drag, two iron cultivators, one grasshopper, one pair bob-sleighs, one corn sheller, one grain cradle, one grindstone, one scythe, one potato fork, one cross cut saw, one hog hook and scraper, one buck saw, one wire stretcher, two corn planters one hay knife, one beet and wedges, one stone boat, cauldron kettle, two sets whiffletrees, one set 3-horse whiffletrees, three sets double harness, one set single harness, one ladder 22 ft long, one ladder 16 ft long, one set manure planks, one pair woolen horse blankets, one lap robe, one canvas 17x18, a quantity of hay and cornstalks, about 75 bushels of corn, six milk cans, two pair fly nets, one sausage grinder and stuffer, one pork barrel, cider barrels, rakes, hoes, forks, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms—All sums of \$5.00 or under Cash; all sums over \$5.00 One year time will be given with approved endorsed notes bearing 6 per cent interest.

PETER BORNET.

GEO. E. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Look out for him. An exchange says that if a smooth-tongued fellow comes and wants you to lease a steam cooker and asks you to sign a paper just for mere form's sake, don't parley with the scamp but just turn the dog loose. The fellow has been working this game and the paper signed turned out to be a good bankable note for \$345.

Auction.

Having rented our farm for a term of years, we will sell at Public Auction, without reserve, on the premises, three miles south-east of Chelsea, on Thursday, Feb. 28th 1895, Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property:

Seven Horses—As follows: One pair, 3 years old; one gelding, 4 years old; one mare, 7 years old; one mare 2 years old; one colt, 8 months old; one mare, 10 years old; Ten Thoroughbred Victoria Pigs, 3 months old; one Victoria boar, 2 years old; one boar, 1 year old; five head young cattle; fourteen half-blood black top year ling sheep; two truck wagons; one lumber wagon; one pair bobs; one cutter; one single buggy; one road cart; one skeleton buggy; one McCormick binder; one McCormick mower; 1 Beck hay loader, nearly new; one Thomas tedder; one hay rack; one Buckeye drill; one 2-horse corn and bean planter; two 2-horse cultivators; one 5-tooth cultivator; two spring tooth harrows; two Birch Plows; one Oliver plow, nearly new; one 30-tooth harrow; one roller; one set platform scales; two stock racks; one buzz saw; one corn sheller, one cutting box; two sets double harness, one set single harness; 400 bushels corn; a quantity of cornstalks; one stone boat; one sulky plow; one log rack; forks, hoes, rakes, chains, etc. together with a quantity of household goods.

Terms of sale—All sums of \$5.00 or under, Cash; all sums over \$5.00 One year time will be given on good approved, endorsed, bankable paper at 6 per cent interest.

WHITAKER BROS.

GEO. E. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

Karl's Clover Root, the great Blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation, 25 cts., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Various Kinds of Fools.

There are so many different kinds of fools, you know, that nearly everybody touches the circle at some point, says the Eaton Rapids Herald.

There is the intellectual fool, who makes you take knowledge as if it were a dose of castor oil until you wish the alphabet had never been invented.

There is the aggressive fool, who walks around with a chip on his shoulder boiling for a fight.

There is the athletic fool, who thinks the country will be saved by a football and cricket.

There is the political fool, who has just comprehended that the people of the United States will do what they feel like without consulting him.

There is the vain fool who believes that because she looks pretty everybody else ought to be happy.

There is the professional fool, who believes that outside of the law, medicine, or the church there are no gentlemen.

There is the fool with a fad, who is convinced that the only true enjoyment is got in a way directed by him.

There is the rich fool, who over rates the value of money and who thinks it can buy wisdom.

Then there is the all around fool, for whom we have a sort of an affection, because he is ready to coincide with our own weakness.

Every blessed one of us, you know, is a bit of a fool. We would be horrible bores if we weren't.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says "Shiloh, Vitalizer saved my life. I consider it the best remedy I ever used". For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cts. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Feather Superstition.

We have long been acquainted with the peacock feather superstition, but were not aware until a few days ago that it extended to all feathered creatures. A young girl admired the beautiful pigeons strutting, cooling and sunning themselves in the covert of the house where she was boarding and asked the landlady to sell her a pair to take home with her. "No indeed, child," was the immediate response. "Not for any money would I sell you those birds. When one person gives or sells an acquaintance a feathered thing there is sure to be trouble between them and I do not want to fall out with you."

"77"

Dr. Humphreys' Specific "77" for Grippe and Colds is new on every tongue. It will "break up" an obstinate cold that "hangs on". For sale by all druggists.

Store to Rent.

The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. Wood. 36

FISH

Largest Stock!

Lowest Prices!

The Lenten season is now at hand and you should begin now to look around and see where you can get the

Best Goods for the Least Money.

We claim our stock is the most complete ever shown in Chelsea, and can save you money on every dollar's worth of fish you buy.

Every pound of fish put out by us will be guaranteed.

Our stock of

Mackerel

Fancy Lake Shore, extra large. You can buy them by the pound or in 10, 40 or 100 pound kegs.

Trout

In 10 pound pails, two sizes.

White Fish

These we have by the pound or in 10, 20 and 40 pound kegs.

Our list of 10 lb. packages.

No. 1 White Fish, Family White Fish, No. 1 Mackerel, No. 2 Mackerel, No. 1 Trout, Siscos, Holland Herring, etc.

Don't Buy Until You Get Our Prices.

New Codfish, Dried Herring, Halibut, Finan Haddie, also a complete line of canned fish.

Extra low prices to users of 35, 50 and 100 pound kegs.

Beissel & Staffan.

THE MILD POWER CURES. HUMPHREYS'

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15—Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.		.25
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.		.25
17—Piles, Blind or Bleeding.		.25
18—Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.		.25
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.		.25
20—Whooping Cough.		.25
21—Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.		.25
22—Ear Discharges, Inflamed Hearing.		.25
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NEWSPAPER LAWS.

Any person who takes the paper regularly from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or whether it is a subscriber or not, is responsible for the paper. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

MRS. PARET, the wife of Bishop Paret, of Maryland, is a friend of the birds. She is trying to form a society in Baltimore, the members of which will be pledged not to wear any feathers on their hats except ostrich feathers.

A CONCRETE bridge having a clear span of 164 feet and 26 feet wide was recently constructed over the Danube at Munderkingen, in Austria. Stone is scarce and dear there, while good Portland cement is produced in large quantities.

CARL HOFFMAN, of Grand Island, Neb., one of the Elbe survivors who has reached New York, says the loss of life would have been less if proper discipline had been maintained on the steamer. His wife and child were lost with the vessel and he threatens suit against the company.

THE end of the world is to come on April 23, 1903, according to a German theologian, who has just alarmed Berlin by his prophecy. Among his cheerful forecasts are a great war in 1897, the advent of a new Napoleon in 1899, as king of Greece and Syria, and a terrific earthquake in 1901.

PRINCE BISMARCK has a curious superstition in connection with the number three, and apparently not without reason. He has served three German emperors, he has fought in three wars, he has signed three treaties of peace, he arranged the meeting of the three emperors, and established the triple alliance.

RECENT statistics as to the public libraries of the United States show that Massachusetts ranks first with 215 free public libraries with a total of 2,760,000 volumes, or 1,233 volumes to every 1,000 of the state's population. New Hampshire comes next with 42 libraries and 175,000 books, or 464 volumes to every 1,000 of population.

LIBRARY students in Paris now, it is said, wear "muzzles" when perusing the old books of the National library—"not because there is any fear that they will bite the old volumes, but to prevent the inhalation of the book microbes into their lungs." The germ theory is responsible for many curious things, and this is one of them.

THE last report of the commissioner of immigration shows that the tide has turned, and that more foreigners are leaving than are landing on American shores. Eleven steamers which arrived in New York between the 7th and the 12th of January brought 1,201 immigrants and took away on their return voyage 1,740 emigrants. The balance is not great, but it is on the right side.

It is well known that lime-water has a beneficial effect on the growth of children, and in countries where the drinking water is impregnated with salts of lime the men are apt to be tall. An English medical authority states that for a perfect sanitary diet alkaline water is needed for every person who eats heavily of meat, and this means nearly every one, excepting the vegetarian.

THE report of the agricultural department just published shows a marked falling off in the number of horses, mules and sheep throughout the country. The value of horses has declined twenty-four per cent., of mules twenty-three per cent. and of sheep twenty per cent., while the number and value of milch cows show an increase. The decrease in horses and mules is due probably to the introduction of electricity.

THE growing of flower seeds is a delicate business that is highly profitable to those who carry it on with knowledge and skill. It may be successfully done on a small scale by persons who make specialties of a few things. The seeds vary greatly in market value. Poppies, hollyhocks, phlox, mignonette and asters fetch from 50 cents to \$2.50 an ounce. Verbena seed retails as high as \$3 an ounce, and fine pansy seed as high as \$7 an ounce.

THE richest man in congress at present is Representative Sorg, of Ohio. He is said to be worth about \$15,000,000, and has an income of fully \$1,000,000 a year. Nearly all of it comes out of his plug tobacco factory at Middletown. Mr. Sorg is an unobtrusive man who has few acquaintances in Washington. He had no particular desire to go to congress, but was elected in spite of his passive protests. He has introduced a few bills, but has made no speech.

MR. HARRY WALTERS, who now controls the collection left by his father, the late Wm. T. Walters, will follow the latter's custom of opening the galleries to the public and giving the proceeds from a small admission fee to the Poor association of Baltimore. Mr. Walters is now engaged in carrying out a task which was begun by his father, the publication of an authoritative work on Oriental porcelains. It will probably be issued in October of this year.

OLD MIZRAIM'S CHARGE.



HE willows and elms had put forth little gray-green leaves, and mocking birds and cardinal grosbeaks had mated for the season. The air was warm and soft, and all Woodville was excited over the coming Washington birthday celebration. There was to be a procession of the military and civic organizations, and the eloquent young lawyer, Howell Marton, of Richmond, would deliver a eulogy upon the great patriot and soldier.

There had been no commemoration of the day since the war, and the Woodvilleites felt that it reflected upon the patriotism of good Virginians to suffer so important an event to go by unnoticed. All the neighboring towns manifested a lively interest in the coming ceremonies, which promised to be of exceptional importance.

This is why old Mizraim Temple was moving about so restlessly over the plantation of his former master, Col. Elton Temple. The orator of the day was to be the guest of the Temples, who lived but two miles from the village, and Mizraim, who had loyally remained upon the old place after emancipation, felt that all the responsibilities and duties of the coming event rested upon his shoulders.

Old Mizraim, his wife Dinah, who later passed to her reward, and his daughter Piney were the only ones of the old servants who lived on with their master, the hundreds of others scattering in every direction after they were set free.

"Marser needs me, 'n' I ain' gwine; nather's you, Dinah."

"Who done said I wuz?" demanded Dinah, indignantly.

Piney grew up under her mother's care, was taught all the mysteries of her skillful cookery and succeeded the old woman when she died. Piney despised the "Lincoln-freed niggers," as she termed them, and as there were no others thereabouts she had remained single.

As Mizraim and Piney stood under a big magnolia that grew near the kitchen door, the old man scratched his gray locks and said: "Piney, huccum dey meck sich er furse erbout Ginrul Washin'ton's bufday?"

The daughter endeavored to explain the part taken by the immortal hero in the struggle for independence, concluding with:

"He was the Father of His Country, paw."

"De farder of all dis yere country, po' white trash an' all? Den, lawsamussy, ef I wuz him I'd be p'inted ershamed er mysel'. I don' see no use er bufdays nohow. Dey just naterly keep on er 'mindin' yer dat yer's ergittin' older all de time, 'n' my achin' bones done tells me dat. Whuh Ginrul Washin'ton lib?"

"Why, paw, he's been daid jamby er hunderd years."

"Glong, gal! Den white folks is bigger fools den I t'ought. Watter good gwine do ter him 'n' he daid?"

"It's to larn the livin' how good he wuz an' how he fou't an' saved this country 'n'—"

"Look er here, gal, does yer teck me fer er fool? Did he do all er dis yere on his bufday? Den whatter dey want er hab it on datter day? But I jisser don meckin' mysel' sick worryin' ober de foolishness er white folks. Shet up, Piney, shet up. Dar come Miss Gracey now."

The old negro pulled off his somewhat battered hat and began to bow and scrape in acknowledgment of the presence of a most beautiful and charming young woman, who smiled pleasantly upon him and his curtsying daughter.

"Now, Uncle Mizraim, you know we do have to depend upon you. Can't you get us some nice fish and game? You know we shall have company on the Twenty-second."

"Yaas'm. Miss Gracey, yaas'm, I know, but yer see hit's pooty soon fer de shad 'n' hurrin' 'n' rather late fer a fat wil' tuckey. I mought git—"

"I knew you would, Uncle Mizraim. I am especially anxious that everything shall be pleasant and nice and am sure you will make an extra effort to please me."

"Datter de way," grumbled Mizraim, when the young lady had passed on. "Hit's Mizurm dis 'n' Mizurm dat, 'n' Mizurm tother," and he went off muttering.

"La, paw 'ould be mis'able ef he couldn't complain. 'S ef I didn't know he druther be in a muss 'n' eat," laughed Piney, as she entered her realm.

Elton Temple was an old-school Virginia gentleman, whose blood was blue as indigo and ran unsullied back to noble lords in old England. He was disposed to regard with great favor the marked preference shown his daughter by the gifted young lawyer who would be his guest in a day or two. Marton's family was as ancient as his own and

more than once the blood of that line had blended in marriage with that of the Temples.

Col. Temple was a very proud, yet a very worthy and upright man. He had served the south faithfully during its secession struggle, and at the close of hostilities surrendered in good faith, becoming obedient unto the laws. Without repining he accepted the results of battle, bearing up bravely under the loss of negroes, stocks, bonds, notes, depreciation in land values, etc., and resumed his planter life under the changed conditions, dealing justly by the freedmen as he formerly had acted humanely to his slaves.

Washington was his apotheosis. One of his male ancestors had married a Washington and he gloried in the connection. It was largely through his influence that the celebration of the hero's natal day was determined upon, and it was upon his advice that young Marton was chosen orator.

The colonel's creed was simple. He accepted the orthodox faith, worshipped the memory of his dead wife, adored his only child, and held that the word of a gentleman could not be broken. He abhorred deceit and never forgave it in anybody. Somewhat old-fashioned, he believed in dueling, and maintained strenuously that the law was made only for the weak. He had no patience with those who appealed to the arbitrament of the courts. Still he was a most gentle, quiet man who never disputed, declined to take any active part in politics, and entertained with an easy grace that is the charm of true Virginia hospitality.

It was the evening of the day before the 22d of February and the colonel drove home from Woodville in excellent spirits. Every arrangement had been thoroughly completed and the weather promised to be auspicious on the morrow. Before he entered the house old Mizraim encountered him.

"Deed, marser, it do seem laick ebryting tote fa'r fer us. De ice'ouse er plum full er game 'n' fish 'n' Piney's

Then he sought to soothe her by comforting words, but, alas! there is no balm for a heart thus wounded. Man's perfidy is more cruel than the knife of the assassin or the poison of the asp.

After a long time he persuaded her to go to her room and seek sleep; but, as for him, he walked his apartment all night. His face grew very stern in this long vigil and there was infinite menace in it as he came out to his breakfast. Grace had sent word that she was unable to leave her room, but she insisted that he take part in the day's celebration. Learning from his daughter's maid that her mistress was in no alarming condition, the colonel left the house in search of Mizraim.

"There will be no company here to-day and you may tell Piney that she need not go to your young mistress for any orders."

"Look er yere, marser," began Mizraim, with the easy freedom of a life-long favorite, "dar's de—"

"Shut up, sir. Do as I bid you," and the colonel turned sharply away upon his heel.

"Well, I clar' to goodness-gracious, I know'd marser wuz ergittin' ol', but I nebber t'ought he were gwine crazy. Dat de fus' time in his life he was impertent to ol' Miz, 'n' dat a sho' sign he losin' his min'! I mus' p'int'dly look arter him, sho'ly."

The day was glorious. A gentle southwest wind blew fragrance from the great swamp, rustling the mistle-toe clumps in the boughs of the big gum trees and waving to and fro the pendant graymoss that hung down from the spreading branches of the great beech trees on the ridges, which seemed like so many giants with long, straggling locks. It touched the slender fingers of the pines until they played a mournful melody and caused the bright green leaves of the bay tree to send forth ripples of laughter. The gloomy colonel, however, as he passed in turn the swamp, the beech and the pine groves, had no eye for the weird



WRESTED THE WEAPON FROM THE OLD MAN'S HAND.

frownin' hersel' away on de cookin' an' hit looks somefin' laick de good ol' times afo' de wah, marser."

This intelligence added to the good humor of the all-hospitable master of the house, whose handsome face was covered over with a smile as he entered the great hall of the noble old colonial manor that his great-grandfather had built. He was surprised that Grace did not greet him according to her custom, for he was sure she must have heard his voice. Searching anxiously about he found her in a corner bathed in tears and sobbing as though her heart would break.

"Why, pet, what in the world is the matter?"

Without uttering a word she placed in his hands a Richmond paper and pointed to a brief paragraph. His eyes opened wide in astonishment as he read:

"Cards are out for the wedding of Howell Marton, Esq., the brilliant young lawyer, and Miss Hattie, daughter of John W. Powell, the well-known capitalist of the city."

The father was silent for some moments as he stood over his idol, whose hair he stroked gently. Finally he asked, in unsteady tones:

"Did you care for him so much, pet?"

"O father," cried the girl, passionately, as she threw her arms upward and clasped them about his neck.

"Was there—did he ask you to be his wife?"

It was some time before the agitation of the girl permitted her to speak. Then she told him, as a weary child making complaint to its mother, that while no formal betrothal had taken place she had every assurance of his love and, indeed, it was his expressed purpose to ask her hand in marriage during the coming visit. She could not understand his perfidy; she must not, she could not doubt, yet there were the words in cold, cruel type.

"He is an unmitigated scoundrel, and you must forget him, my child."

scenery and no ear for the voices of the stirred trees.

Equally he did not regard the immense crowds that had already gathered in the streets of Woodville. The imposing pageant was lost upon him. He spoke now and then to those who addressed him, but he moved about as one in a dream. Still less did he observe that old Mizraim had followed him to town and was dodging about closely in his rear.

The train which brought Marton was delayed more than two hours, so that the parade was over and the crowd had been gathered for some time about the speaker's stand before he reached the grounds. The stalwart, handsome young fellow, with his long, wavy chestnut hair, his piercing brown eyes and deep-toned, magnetic voice fairly captivated his audience before he had uttered a dozen sentences. It seemed as though he were a being who had lived and moved with Washington and gained his confidence, so that he knew his inner soul. In most graphic manner he told of the simple life of the planter of Mount Vernon, the heroic endurance of the commander of the tattered forces at Valley Forge, the master spirit of the constitutional convention, the supreme first president of the republic. Then he closed with an impassioned outburst, in which he recited the exalted virtues of the immortal Washington and urged the emulation of them upon his hearers.

The orator utterly eclipsed his previous fame and the audience was carried away with enthusiasm, all save a stern-visaged white man and a skulking old negro. Col. Temple had not heard a single word. His heart was with his idolized girl. While the excited people rent the air with huzzas, he made his way through the crowd, that respectfully divided at his approach.

With bowed head he was slowly making his way towards the Woodville tavern, when a bright, cheery voice said:

"Why, colonel, I've looked for you everywhere. Where is Miss Grace?"

"You infamous scoundrel! A friend of mine will see you without delay," cried the old man, passionately.

"What can be the matter? Are you ill?"

"Away, sir, or there will be murder. Do you hear? I would take no mean advantage."

The young man regarded the retreating form of the old soldier with grave concern, when a voice at his side said:

"Marser How'l, ol' marser lose his haid; he's gettin' ol'. You jis' see Miss Gracey," and Mizraim hastened after the colonel.

Three hours later, and it was near the setting of the sun, Col. Temple and his most intimate friend, Judge Lofton, rode slowly up the broad lane that led to the Temple mansion. They were conversing earnestly as they dismounted.

"I insist, judge, that you follow him to Richmond and demand satisfaction. I cannot understand how he could have disappeared so quickly."

Mizraim, after his master fell into the company of the judge, had hastened home and now stood by the side of the colonel, who suddenly started forward, as he cried:

"There is the villain," and, carried away with infinite passion, hastily drew a revolver, leveling it at Marton, who was advancing and scarcely ten paces distant. The excited man did not perceive that his daughter was fast approaching from the house.

"Papa," she cried in glad accents, not observing his tragic movement.

The eyes of Marton had been fixed upon the girl too, and he had seen nothing. Mizraim, who had not lost a gesture of his master, rushed forward and wrested the weapon from the old man's grasp, concealing it about his own person and then quickly returned to the horses.

The amazed colonel saw his lovely daughter enfolded in the embrace of the man he had been so near to killing, and then, turning to the judge, cried in dismay:

"I have indeed been mad. I should have known that no Marton could do a dishonorable thing."

"Colonel," said Marton, approaching with the happy girl at his side, "Grace and I desire your consent to our marriage. That newspaper paragraph was an infamous—"

"Gentlemen have no need to make explanations one to another, my dear Marton. You may have Grace, and may God bless the union. Excuse me for a moment," he cried, as though suddenly reminded of an important duty. Then he hastened in the direction of Mizraim, who was leading away the horses.

"Mizraim, I have changed my mind. Tell Piney to cook such a dinner as she never—"

"Look er yere, marser, wuz yer 'sposin' I minded watter you done said dis mornin'? Disser's Ginrul Washin'ton's bufday, so I jis' done tell Piney nuffin', 'ceptin' dat ef she didn' git er meal better 'n' her mammy eber done cook I'd gin' her a good lammin'. Git up dar, yer lazy critters."

WILLIAM ROSSER COBBE.

They Bow to Him.

The great men of all nations have joined in panegyric to the name and character of George Washington, the "Father of His Country," and often the bits of sentiment to which they have given expression have been exquisitely wrought out, making some of the world's masterpieces of wording.

"In my idea," says La Fayette, "Gen. Washington is the greatest man, for I look upon him as the most virtuous."

"He hath faith," said Guizot, the historian, "in God and himself."

"The test of the progress of mankind," said Lord Brougham, "will be in the appreciation of the character of Washington."

"America," said Webster, "has furnished to the world the character of Washington. And if our American institutions had done nothing else that alone would have entitled them to the respect of mankind."

"All I can say," Gladstone has said, "is that I look upon Washington, among great and good men, as one peculiarly good and great; and that he has been to me for more than forty years a light upon the path of life."

"Gen. Washington is a typical American, and will always stand in American history without peer or rival," was Sherman's tribute.

Washington's Ancestry.

One genealogist, reckless of consequences, has traced the ancestry of President Washington to Odin. Another attempt was made to connect him with the Washingtons of Durham, England. But the authentic source of his parentage is a Washington clan, of County Northampton, England, where the old manor house is still to be seen, though in ruins. Upon consulting Virginian records one can get back no farther than his great-grandfather, John Washington, who settled in Virginia in 1657. His eldest son Lawrence had three children, John, Augustine and Mildred, and our president was the child of Augustine, and his second wife, Mary Ball, whom Augustine married in 1730. George Washington had five brothers and sisters. His father died when he was seven years old, and the future hero was trained by his half-brother, Lawrence Washington.—N. Y. Ledger.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

A Wife's Tribute.

Mrs. Isaac M. Turner delivered a eulogy to the memory of her husband at his funeral at Grand Rapids. The formal services had been conducted by Rev. Allen F. Gould, of Chicago, and Rev. Dr. Campbell Fair, and the undertaker was about to close the coffin, when Mrs. Turner entered the room unattended, and, taking a position at the head of the coffin, spoke for half an hour of the virtues of the dead as eloquently and touchingly as has ever been heard in that city, and so much so that many around her were in tears.

Michigan Populists.

The populists in state convention at Greenville nominated R. B. Taylor, of Bay City, for justice of the supreme court, and George H. Smith, of Benzie, and V. J. Bowers, of Macomb, for university regents. Resolutions were adopted deprecating government bond issues and the enlargement of the privileges and powers of banks, and condemning the alleged attempt in congress to outlaw silver. The attitude of the administration upon financial questions was denounced as subversive of free government.

The Farmers' Clubs.

The Michigan Association of Farmers' clubs held its annual meeting in Lansing, fifty clubs being represented. Resolutions were adopted calling for better pure food laws, uniformity of text-books and the parole system of governing convicts. Officers were elected as follows:

President, A. C. Bird, Highland; vice president, L. H. Ives, Mason; secretary and treasurer, A. N. Kimball, Jr., Wixom; directors, H. A. Daniels, Elba; George Hoyt, Sault Ste. Marie; F. M. Shepard, Burton; J. T. Daniels, Union Home, and F. W. Fowler, Snyder.

State Board of Health.

Reports to the state board of health by fifty-three observers in different parts of the state during the week ended February 9 show that inflammation of the kidneys increased and pneumonia and intermittent fever decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 227 places, scarlet fever at fifty-four, typhoid fever at twenty-two, diphtheria at twenty-three, measles at nine, and smallpox at Detroit, Bengal, Pontiac, Royal Oak and Hamtramack.

Insurance Business.

Insurance Commissioner Giddings assigned in advance of his annual report a summary giving the financial condition and Michigan business of the 125 stock, fire, fire marine and marine insurance companies and of the mutual business of other states operating in Michigan for the year ending December 31 last. The statement gives the total risks written in Michigan at \$293,726,506; premiums received, \$4,494,127; losses paid, \$2,622,528; losses incurred, \$2,020,340.

Seven Persons Poisoned.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hyatt, four children and an uncle, John Hyatt, who was living with the family, were lying at the point of death at Perrinton from the effects of drinking coffee in which was found a stick of green candy. It was thought the children would survive, but no hopes were entertained for the parents. An analysis of the coffee would be made.

Burned to Death.

The residence of John Bock at Omer, Arenac county, was destroyed by fire and the family, consisting of six persons, Mr. Bock, his wife, two boys and two girls, were burned to death. The fire was not discovered by neighbors until the building was practically destroyed. It was supposed that the fire caught from a stovepipe. The charred bodies were recovered.

Ex-Cashier Bradley Acquitted.

The trial of Nelson Bradley, ex-cashier of the defunct Central Michigan savings bank, who was charged with making a false report to the state banking commission, ended at Lansing with an acquittal. The bank failed in April, 1893, with liabilities of \$700,000, and thus far has paid 44 per cent. in dividends.

Lumber Dealers Name Officers.

At the sixth annual session in Jackson of the Michigan Lumber Dealers' association officers were elected as follows:

President, J. A. Lindsley, Dowagiac; vice president, H. Jackson, Flint; secretary, E. M. Jackson, Jackson; treasurer, D. C. Thiekstun, Cassopolis.

Short But Newsworthy Items.

Howard Peterson, the defaulting bookkeeper of the Manistee & Grand Rapids railroad, who embezzled nearly \$10,000, pleaded guilty on four counts of forgery at Manistee and was remanded to jail to await sentence.

A movement has been started in Alcona county to have the township lines in the county rearranged and the number of townships reduced from six to four.

The sheriff of Macomb county will not allow prisoners to smoke cigarettes in the jail. He doesn't object to tobacco.

Dr. Arphax Farnsworth, a widely known and skillful physician, died in Saginaw from an affection of the brain.

DIED IN MEXICO.

United States Minister Gray a Victim to Pneumonia.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 16.—United States Minister Isaac P. Gray died Thursday evening at 7:05 o'clock. He had just returned that morning from a trip to Washington with a severe case of pneumonia, having been ill all the way from St. Louis.

[Isaac Pusey Gray was born in Chester county, Pa., October 18, 1863. He was colonel in the Fourth Indiana cavalry during the civil war. In 1876 he was chosen by the democratic



ISAAC P. GRAY.

convention for lieutenant governor of Indiana and was elected. On the death of Gov. Williams he succeeded to the governorship. In 1884 he again became governor, this time by election. After the election of Cleveland in 1892, he was appointed minister to Mexico.]

TRADE REVIEW.

Situation in Business Circles as Viewed by Dun and Bradstreet.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"The two obstacles which block the path just now are restricted operations in the industries. There has been no gain in prices of farm products on the whole. Corn is nominally half a cent higher, but with an insignificant movement, while wheat also, with a movement hardly half of last year's, is a quarter of a cent lower for the week. Cotton, with continuing large receipts, remains unchanged. Few words tell the old story: The corn crop is undeniably short, though probably a much larger supply than official reports indicate. Wheat and cotton supplies are so far beyond the world's demands that extreme low prices are natural, and speculation for advance is greatly handicapped. Restricted purchases by the west and south naturally result.

"The money market shows a tendency to strengthen and somewhat larger offerings of commercial paper appear, though not in proportion to the reported activity of mills. Doubtless many are working only short time, but any improvement is encouraging. A somewhat closer market is expected as a result of the bond transaction. The volume of domestic business represented by clearings was 5.3 per cent. larger than last year, but 34.5 per cent. smaller than in 1893.

"The failures for the first week of February show liabilities of only \$2,909,890, of which \$729,348 were of manufacturing, and \$1,934,894 of trading concerns. The final report for January shows an aggregate of \$15,637,032, against \$20,848,018 last year; \$3,992,228 were of manufacturing concerns this year against \$11,589,716 last year, while \$11,826,105 were of trading concerns against \$17,234,587 last year. Failures for the week were 270 in the United States against 323 last year, and 51 in Canada against 55 last year.

INDICTED.

True Bills Found Against Ex-Mayor Gilroy, of New York and Others.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Ex-Mayor Gilroy and other city officials have been indicted by the grand jury. Their names are as follows:

Thomas F. Gilroy, formerly mayor of the city; Thomas F. McAvoy, police inspector; William B. McLaughlin, police inspector; Alexander Williams, police inspector; two police captains, names kept secret.

Although it was impossible to obtain exact information before the indictments leave the hands of the grand jury, it was authoritatively announced that the indictments against Mr. Gilroy did not relate to any act he had committed while mayor of the city, but was based on the allegation of official misconduct at the time that he was commissioner of public works. The nature of the charge could not be learned. The other indictments were based on the evidence taken by the Lexow committee.

RAMSAY HAD A SHORTAGE.

Illinois' Late Treasurer Left His Bonds-men to Settle Accounts.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—Information has just gotten out concerning the heavy shortage of the late Rufus Ramsay, who died suddenly three months ago of heart disease while state treasurer of Illinois. He was thought to have been the richest man in southern Illinois. Within a week over \$500,000 in claims against his estate have been filed, but the most startling is that of the five Chicago bankers who were his sureties as state treasurer. Now F. M. Blount and Carl Moll, cashiers of two Chicago national banks, have filed in the county court claims for the full amount of the shortage. In the claims filed by Messrs. Blount and Moll it is specifically alleged that the shortage was \$363,539.82, that the bondsmen made it good and that the claims are filed for the reimbursement of the bondsmen.

Lincoln's Birthday.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—The 86th anniversary of Lincoln's birthday was observed here Tuesday with more than usual ceremony. The banks, board of trade, stock exchange and most of the city and county offices were closed. The afternoon was devoted in the public schools to patriotic songs and recitations. Henry Watterson, of Louisville, gave the principal address at the banquet of the Marquette club in eulogy of Abraham Lincoln. Dispatches tell of appropriate observance of the day in various other places.

Then and Now.

Strong, tender hands, fond hands! Such willing hands they never rest; So patient, ever on the quest For loving service. Hands that know Soft ways of soothing pain and woe, True, loving, faithful hands! Old, feeble hands, dear hands! Soft folded they await the will That soon shall bid them lie more still. Frail hands, just strong enough to bless; Pure hands that slip from our caress To knock at Heaven—dear hands! —Cornelia K. Rathbone, in Harper's Bazar.

RATES FOR CLERGYMEN.

A number of the eastern railroads having on January 1, 1895, changed their rules regarding the issue of reduced rates to clergymen, and unauthorized statements as to the reasons for making the change having been published, considerable correspondence between the clergy and the railroads has resulted. The recent letter from Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, President of the New York Central, corrects certain erroneous impressions and states that company's position in the matter very clearly. The letter is as follows:

New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Co., Grand Central Depot.

NEW YORK, January 19, 1895.

Rev. Newton J. Conklin and H. H. Stebbins, D. D., Committee:

GENTLEMEN,—I am in receipt of your letter of January 15th, enclosing the resolutions of the Presbyterian Ministers' Association of Rochester. The resolutions are based upon a misapprehension of the facts. The press dispatch announcing that the New York Central had withdrawn the ministerial half-rate tickets "because some of the ministers had abused the privilege, loaning their permits to unauthorized persons, and sometimes even selling them," was wholly unauthorized. No such information or notice was given to the press or to anyone else by any officer of this company. There was also an interview reported with me on this subject, making similar, if not more serious charges, but no such interview ever took place.

I deeply regret the publicity which was given to this matter and the discussion which has grown out of it before we had really arrived at what was the best policy for this company and its associates in the Trunk Line Association to pursue. It had been developed that very great abuses existed in the issuance and use of the so-called ministerial ticket. It was not, however, the fault of the ministers. So far as I can ascertain, no clergyman of any church has been guilty of any impropriety in the use of this privilege. Like most departures from regular rules, this one led after awhile to serious demoralization of passenger rates. The privilege of the ministerial order became extended to all persons who had ever been ordained as clergymen, whether they still had any charge or performed any ministerial services or not. Many who had gone into business claimed and received the order. Then it was extended to missionaries and officers of the Salvation Army, of the Y. M. C. A., and of other religious or semi-religious organizations. This enabled railway officials who desired to do so to issue the half-rate ticket to almost anybody.

I am sorry to say that some railways do not treat their agreements with each other with the same sense of honorable obligation which the officers would observe in their individual transactions. We were amazed to discover that in order to increase their business without apparently cutting the rates a few of the roads placed the ministerial tickets in scalpers' offices for sale. In this way they came into the hands of the general public. It frequently occurred that the conductor, when calling upon some passenger whom he did not think was a minister to produce the ministerial order which every clergyman carried, was met by a flat refusal, simply because the passenger was not a minister, had no order and had received or purchased the ticket in some one of the ways which I have described. Or, the conductor would find that under the guise of a missionary or an officer of one of these organizations he had received the order and ticket or else had bought a ticket which some one who could not be vouched for as a clergyman with a charge had secured, and then placed in a scalper's office for sale.

Of course the essential principle at the bottom of the relations between the railways and the public is that everybody shall be treated alike; that the railway fare shall be like the postage of the government, the same to everyone who boards the train and becomes a passenger between the same points. The wisdom of the prohibition of discriminations in favor of one person as against another, or of one shipper as against another, or of one locality as against another, is now universally admitted, and is incorporated in the railway laws.

The ministerial ticket was issued at a reduced rate, not as an act of charity, as some have alleged, but because it was believed that the clergy and the church performed an essential service which was felt throughout the vast employment of these corporations. Personally, I would be very glad if the privilege could be continued under restrictions which would confine it within legitimate bounds. You will see, however, from the explanations which I have given, how difficult a problem this is.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, President.

—Albany Argus.—Jan. 29, 1895.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for Coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Do You Wish the Finest Bread and Cake?

It is conceded that the Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest of all the baking powders.

The purest baking powder makes the finest, sweetest, most delicious food. The strongest baking powder makes the lightest food.

That baking powder which is both purest and strongest makes the most digestible and wholesome food.

Why should not every housekeeper avail herself of the baking powder which will give her the best food with the least trouble?

Avoid all baking powders sold with a gift or prize, or at a lower price than the Royal, as they invariably contain alum, lime or sulphuric acid, and render the food unwholesome.

Certain protection from alum baking powders can be had by declining to accept any substitute for the Royal, which is absolutely pure.

BUGGINS—"Does Goldstein take much interest in business?" Muggins—"I should say he did. He's a pawnbroker."—Philadelphia Record.

OUR OWN CARLSBAD.

The Title So Aptly Given, Hot Springs, Arkansas.

The season at this famous Health and Pleasure Resort is now at its height, and in addition to the many attractions offered at Hot Springs and the Resorts in the near vicinity, arrangements have been made for a daily running meet at the Race Track, Foot Ball Games and Base Ball Games between Professional Clubs at the Park. All lines from the East, North and West connect at St. Louis in the new Magnificent Union Station with the Iron Mountain Route (Special Service) with elegant through Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars daily, direct to the Springs. Call on or write Ticket Agents of connecting lines for beautifully illustrated and descriptive pamphlets relative to the Springs, Hotels, and other information. (Mailed Free), or address H. C. TOWNSEND, General Pass. Agent, Iron Mountain Route, St. Louis.

A Pointer

to homeseekers and Florida tourists. All persons contemplating a trip to Florida, and all points in the southeast, will do well before purchasing their tickets to write to or consult Briard F. Hill, northern passenger agent of the famous Dixie Flyer line, which passes through Nashville, Chattanooga, Marietta and Atlanta, over the lines of the Lookout Mountain route consisting of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Ry., and the Battle Field route, the Western and Atlantic R. R., over which are run a double daily service of through Pullman Buffet and sleeping cars to Jacksonville, Fla., via Macon and Tifton, leaving Chicago at 5:02 p. m., reaching Jacksonville on the second morning at 7:30, thus avoiding all detention or delays while en route. Folder, maps and all information pertaining to this short through line will be furnished or mailed on application to the Chicago office, 194 S. Clark St., Room 2.

FREE!

To Christian Endeavorers—Pocket Guide and Map of Boston, the Convention City.

The Passenger Department of the Big Four Route have issued a very convenient and attractive Pocket Guide to the City of Boston which will be sent free of charge to all members of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor who will send three two-cent stamps to cover mailing charges to the undersigned. This Pocket Guide should be in the hands of every member of the Society who contemplates attending the 14th Annual Convention, as it shows the location of all Depots, Hotels, Churches, Institutions, Places of Amusement, Prominent Buildings, Street Car Lines, Etc., Etc. Write soon as the edition is limited.

E. O. McCORMICK, Passenger Traffic Manager, Big Four Route, Cincinnati, O.

The giraffe has a tongue seventeen inches long—that is the male giraffe. What must be the length of the tongue of the lady giraffe!

McVicker's, Chicago.

"Shore Acres" remains until February 24. Thos. W. Kean, the eminent tragedian, begins his engagement February 25. Seats secured by mail.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Backache.

ST. JACOBS OIL

SAFE, SURE, PROMPT.

CLOVER SEED
Largest growers of Grass and Clover Seeds in America. 500 acres. Our Grass Mixtures last a lifetime. Meadows sown in April will give a running crop in July. Prices dirt cheap. Mammoth farm seed catalogue and sample of Grass Mixture, free for 7c. postage. JOHN A. SALKER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis. Thousands cured. Send for it stamped.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED
From 15 to 25 lbs a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send for it stamped. O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., 21 McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousands and cases present and in two days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

WANTED! Local agents for the National Syndicate of newspapers and magazines. No capital or experience required. Pays \$15 to \$100 per month. Address The National Co., St. Louis, Mo. A N K—A 15-10

"We think Piso's CURE for CONSUMPTION is the only medicine for coughs." —JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ill., October 1, 1894.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

...CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. BEST COUGH SYRUP... TASTES GOOD. USE IN TIME. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. 25 CENTS.

Here and There.

It is threatened that society is going to take up the fad for whistling. Hereafter any one who may see a sparkling belle stand in the center of a drawing-room, tuck her two index fingers into her mouth and whistle a melody of popular airs will know that she is simply demonstrating her right to social pre-eminence.

The Fenton Independent says that a man who loafs around in bar-rooms and other lounging places generally has a good, energetic wife. Energetic enough to hustle for a living, but not energetic enough to kick the lazy cusses out. The average women will suffer more than she is called upon to do, in her relations with the piece of masculinity she calls her husband.

The talk about a short hog crop has vanished. A man who has been traveling through parts of Illinois to find out the available supply of animals to draw from, was asked about the end of the season's shipment of hogs. His reply was: "Some of them will think it is the longest tail-end they ever saw." Corn, oats and hogs have made the farms of a good many Illinois counties fairly prosperous during the hard times.

A fruit grower says on the subject of thinning fruit on the trees: "There is wide difference between an enormous crop of inferior fruit at non paying prices, with trees reduced in vitality, and sometimes broken down and unfitted for work the next year, and a crop nearly equal the former in bulk greatly exceeding it in size of individual specimens, color, flavor and merchantable value and the trees left in a more vigorous condition for subsequent work."

The fellow who opens the outside door and then thinks of a fifteen minute conversation to fire at the clerk near it, before he closes it between him and zero atmosphere out side, creates more profanity than any two churches can counteract, every day these cold times. If people would be careful in this simple matter in shutting the door, they could assist the cause of christianity more than they would be willing to believe until after they had heard several of the explosions that usually occur, as soon as they are beyond hearing.

A wife will insist that her husband shall not go out of the house on cold, raw days without two undershirts, a liver pad and a muffler on, in addition to his regular clothes, but as soon as he is safely down town she will rush out of her hot kitchen, bare-headed and bare-armed, to hang out the clothes, so as to get ahead of the woman next door, or she will tramp off down town and from house to house to work up some society or church entertainment, with nothing on her head but a little sauce-pan of a hat, and shoes not thicker than a newspaper. Isn't this so?

We shall have children and grandchildren and we ought to guard their interests. The poorest peasant in Germany can to-day eat venison, and eat it at a lower price than beef or mutton. Partridge, grouse, wild duck, hares, rabbits, snipe, pheasants, plover and partridges are within the reach of nearly every class in England. We have had 1,000,000 head of all classes of game, save pheasants (true) rabbits and partridges to one in England of late years, yet now we are running altogether out of game. Shooting is not doing us the most harm in the matter. The taking of duck eggs in the North for mucklage is killing of the supply of wild fowl, and something should be done to wheel the Northwest, British Columbia, Canada and Manitoba into line with us on the subject of preservation of wild fowl otherwise our descendants will have no use for guns.

Statistics prove that there are fewer widowers than widows in the world. In Switzerland, for instance, the number of widowers per thousand of the male population over fifteen years is sixty, while that of the widows of the female population of the same age is one hundred and twenty-seven. Where two or three widowers succeed in contracting a second marriage, scarcely one widow will have the like chance. And yet the proportion in Switzerland is a comparatively favorable one. There is no European country in which the number of widows are not at least twice as large as that of the widowers. In England, for example, the average is one hundred and fourteen to fifty-four, in Italy one hundred and thirty six to sixty, in France one hundred and thirty-nine to seventy-three (a highly favorable figure) while Germany, and more especially Austria, shows the most unfavorable proportion, namely, one hundred and thirty widows to fifty widowers and one hundred and twenty-one to forty-four, respectively.

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only 25cts., 50cts. and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea Feb. 19, 1895

D. J. Fowler

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

Italian Methods With Lime-Mortar.

A correspondent of the *Builder* gives a few details of the Italian method of making and using lime-mortar which are new to us, and of considerable interest, as are nearly all the particulars of construction as practiced by these skillful workmen. In the opinion of the *Builder's* correspondent, most of the modern Italian processes are identical with those practiced in the same country by the ancestors of the present inhabitants two thousand years ago; and he believes that the good quality of the Roman mortar, which has been proverbial for centuries, belongs equally to that made every day in Naples or Perugia. As everyone knows, the custom among the Italian masons is, on commencing work upon a new building, to dig first a pit, large enough to contain all the mortar required for the work, into which is put lime enough to fill it within a foot or two of the top. Water is then poured in until the pit is filled, and the mixture is left to itself, care being taken only to add water as that first put in is evaporated or absorbed. As mortar is wanted, a portion of the lime is taken from the top of the mass, but the lower portion, which will be used to mix with the plastering mortar, remains undisturbed for years, and acquires a smooth, pasty quality much prized by the Italian architects, who place a value upon the lime which they use for such purposes proportionate to the length of time which has elapsed since it was first slaked. The good effect of this mode of preparation is seen in the perfect stability of the mortar, which never swells or cracks, and, when used in brick work or stone masonry, is never observed to give rise to those disfiguring efflorescences which are almost inevitable with us. On plastering mortar thus made there is no difficulty in laying the fresco colors which are used in Italy with such splendid effect, but which burn out into pale and unsightly patches when laid upon our raw, half-slaked mortar.

With lime treated in this way work can be executed which would be impossible with such materials as we employ. As an instance of this the correspondent of the *Builder* quotes the battuto roofing which is constantly used to cover costly and important buildings in Southern Italy, and which consists simply in a thick coating of lime-mortar, spread over the timber work, and beaten continually with heavy clubs for ten days or two weeks in order to consolidate it. The climate of Southern Italy is rainy, if not cold, but these roofs, which, if made of what we consider good lime-mortar, would transmit water like a sponge, serve there to protect for centuries the house beneath. The same kind of work is used for floors, taking the place which would be filled among us by cement concrete, and the beaten lime floors appear to be as hard and smooth as anything that we construct with much more costly materials. That this difference in quality between our own and the Italian mortars is due to the mode of treatment rather than the original character of the lime used, is indicated by the fact that many different varieties of lime stone are employed there, according to circumstances of locality or convenience, without any material variation in the result; the Italian workmen having learned that art which we care so little for, the making the best of poor or indifferent materials.—*American Architect*.

Markets.

Chelsea, Feb. 21 1895.

Eggs, per dozen	18c
Butter, per pound	15c
Oats, per bushel	30c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	50c
Potatoes, per bushel	40c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Onions, per bushel	50
Beans, per bushel	\$1.50

—Fipps, who has been lurching with a friend upon frogs' legs. "Everything you see is of some use in this world, even the frog." Friend, who is disputatious: "I don't agree with you. Of what use is the mosquito to us?" Fipps: "Ah, my dear fellow, you take a wrong view of things. Just think how useful we are to the mosquito."—*Boston Gazette*.

—A man in a train was heard to groan so frightfully that the passengers took pity on him, and one of them gave him a drink out of a flask. "Do you feel better?" asked the giver. "I do," said he who had groaned. "What ailed you?" "Ailed me?" "Yes, what made you groan so?" "Groan! Great land of freedom. I was singing."

—Exchange.
—Wm. Ulrich, a twelve-year-old Philadelphian, loaded up with a tomahawk and half loaf of rye bread, started recently to obliterate the red-men of the West. The good luck that so often attends the imperiled red men came again to their rescue, and the savage youth was found crying in a Philadelphia hallway, hungry, ragged, footsore and yowling for ma. The Indians are still on our hands.—*Detroit Post*.

Auction.

I will sell at public Auction, 2 miles north-west of Francisco, and 4 miles north-east of Grass Lake, on the old Eckard farm, on Wednesday, Feb. 27, 1895. Commencing at ten o'clock a m., the following described property: Three Horses, as follows—One brown mare, 5 years old; one bay gelding, 6 years old; one bay mare, four cows; three coming in the spring, and one new milch cow; one three years old coming in; one Durham Bull coming two years old; two yearling heifers; 24 half-blood Ewes, with lamb; these are extra good ones; one yearling black faced buck; one brood sow, due to farrow the 15 of March; four shoats; 50 chickens; one truck wagon; one single carriage; one Buckeye mower, nearly new; one new Kalamazoo fanning mill; one Oliver plow; one spring tooth harrow; two ax cultivators; one two horse spring tooth cultivator; 150 bushels corn; 70 bushels oats; five bushels seed corn; one set double harness; one single harness; one light buggy pole; one corn sheller; forks, hoes, shovels, whiffletrees etc.

Terms of Sale—All sums of \$5.00 or under, cash; all sums over \$5.00 nine months time will be given on good endorsed, bankable notes at six per cent. interest.

N. B. the above goods will positively be sold to the highest bidder without reserve.

JACOB WALZ.

GEO. E. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER.

While There's Hope, There's Life.

A few years since a book by that name made everybody ask: "Is life worth living?" to which *Punch*, with a good deal of philosophy as well as fun, answered: "It depends upon the liver." A prominent English physician has undertaken to answer the question in another form. He says not only that it is worth living, but so will work that a man can and ought to prolong a life that does not depend so much upon the liver, or any other organ, as upon the liver—the one who lives.

He declares that though there are some maladies which must kill, life in most cases may be prolonged by such hopefulness, and that, reversing the maxim, so long as there is hope there is life. Some live by their excessive muscular vigor; others by their feeling powers; others by their mental or nervous energy. This last class is very large. They live on by sheer power of hope and courage. Their bodies are weak and crippled, but their "go" is remarkable; they live on when every body is puzzled and wonder how they do it.

He maintains, moreover, that a man may live on when one organ is deranged by shifting the burden to another. Instead of fretting himself because his heart is affected, let him overlook the fact and make his lungs do extra work in vitalizing his blood; so that, if that fluid does not flow as effectively as it might, what does flow shall be pure. The very fact of relieving the diseased organ may cure it.

When a man hopes his brain is stimulated, his nervous system is healthfully excited and vital energy is increased. Increase in vital energy means that disease may be conquered, or at least out-lived.

CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE

25cts., 50cts. and \$1.00 Bottle. One cent a dose.

It is sold on a guarantee by all druggists. It cures Incipient Consumption, and is the best Cough and Croup Cure.

SOLE BY

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

It. . .

Is a well-known fact that judicious advertising always pays—especially news-paper advertising. If you put your "ad" in the right paper your business will grow, because people will see that you are alive, and they would rather deal with a live man than a corpse. If you advertise in this paper you will find that it

Pays.

Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases Positively Cured by

The New Method Treatment—A Wonderful Discovery

You can deposit the money in your bank or with your postmaster to be paid us after you are CURED under a written guarantee!

Self Abuse, Excesses and Blood Diseases have wrecked the lives of thousands of young men and middle aged men. The farm, the workshop, the Sunday school, the office, the profession—all have their victims. You are a man, if you have been indiscreet, beware of the future. Middle aged men, you are growing prematurely weak and old, both mentally and physically. Consult us before too late. NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. Confidential.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND SYPHILIS CURED.

W. S. COLLINS. W. S. Collins, of Saginaw, Speaks.

"I am 20. At 15 I learned a bad habit which I continued till 19. I then became 'one of the boys' and led a gay life. Exposure produced Syphilis. I became nervous, weak, and dependent; no ambition; memory poor; eyes red, swollen and blue; pimples on face; hair loose, balding; weak back; varicocele; dreams and losses at night; weak parts; deposit in urine, etc. I spent hundreds of dollars without help, and was contemplating suicide when a friend recommended Dr. Kennedy & Korgan's New Method Treatment. Thank God I tried it. In two months I was cured. This was six years ago, and never had a return. Was married two years ago and all happy. Boys, try Drs. Kennedy & Korgan's New Method Treatment before giving up hope."

BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.

S. A. TONTON. Seminal Weakness, Impotency and Varicocele Cured.

"When I consulted Drs. Kennedy & Korgan, I had little hope. I was surprised. Their new Method Treatment improved me the first week. Emissions ceased, nerves became strong, pains disappeared, hair grew in again, eyes became bright, cheerful in company and strong sexually. Having tried many Quacks, I can heartily recommend Drs. Kennedy & Korgan as reliable Specialists. They treated me honorably and skillfully."

BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.

T. P. EMERSON. A Nervous Wreck—A Happy Life.

"I live on the farm. At school I learned an early habit, which weakened me physically, sexually and mentally. Family Doctors said I was going into 'decline' (Consumption). Finally 'The Golden Monitor,' edited by Drs. Kennedy & Korgan, fell into my hands. I learned the Truth and Cause. Self Abuse had sapped my vitality. I took the New Method Treatment and was cured. My friends think I was cured of Consumption. I have sent them many patients, all of whom were cured. Their New Method Treatment supplies vigor, vitality and manly life."

BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

16 Years in Detroit. 160,000 Cured. No Risk.

Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion. Free charge. Charges reasonable. Books Free—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated). On Diseases of men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sent.

DRS. KENNEDY & KORGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT, MICH.

Mortgage Sale.

SIXTY days in payment of instalments of interest over due and payable on a mortgage dated January 3rd, A. D. 1890, made by Christian Gentner and Mary Ann Gentner, his wife, to the Chelsea Savings Bank, a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the State of Michigan, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, on the 25th day of January, A. D. 1890, for which default of mortgage, on page 429, for which default the Chelsea Savings Bank by virtue of the right given it by said mortgage, has made and hereby makes the principal sum of said mortgage and interest accrued thereon now due and payable, which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and attorney's fee, as provided for in said mortgage, Thirteen Hundred and Fifty-one Dollars and Sixty-one Cents, (\$1,351.61).

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises to the highest bidder on the 15th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the East front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County), to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage, and all legal costs, to-wit: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situated and being in the Townships of Lima and Sharon in said County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, described as follows, viz:

Commencing at the South quarter section post of section thirty-one (31) of township two (2), South of range four (4) east, running thence North 80 degrees East sixteen chains fifty-two links, along the South line of the section, thence North one degree, West forty (40) chains and sixteen (16) links, thence South 80 degrees West four (4) chains ninety-one (91) links along the quarter line, thence South one degree East twenty-two (22) chains, thence South 89 degrees West eleven chains and sixty-one (61) links, thence South one degree East eighteen chains sixteen links along the quarter line, to the place of beginning, containing forty acres of land.

Also six (6) acres of land of the entire South end of the West half of the South-west quarter of the South-east quarter of section number one (1), in township number three (3) South of range three East, (Sharon), in the State of Michigan.

Dated, January 11, 1895.

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK, Mortgagee.

G. W. TURNBULL, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Jacob Heeschelwerdt late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of George W. Turnbull in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 10th day of April and on the 15th day of July next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated January 10th, 1895.

PETER HINDELANG, JAY EVELLETT, Commissioners.

W. J. KNAPP

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 21st day of January A. D. 1895, six months from that date were allowed for credit to present their claims against the estate of Elvira Whitaker, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before 22nd day of July next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on the 22nd day of April and on the 22nd day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, January 21st, A. D. 1895.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 18th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.
Detroit Night Express 5:15 A.
Atlantic Express 7:20 A.
Grand Rapids Express 10:30 A.
Mail and Express 3:19 P.

GOING WEST.
Mail and Express 9:17 A.
Grand Rapids Express 6:30 P.
Chicago Night Express 10:32 P.

W. M. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. REGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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